

SEPARATING PEOPLE FROM HAZARDS

# **Safety Components Catalogue**



- FLEXIBLE SOLUTIONS FOR ALL TYPES OF SAFETY BARRIERS AND STRUCTURES
- NO WELDING OR THREADING
- HIGH CORROSION RESISTANCE
- WIDEST PRODUCT RANGE AVAILABLE





# **The KEE Safety Concept**

Kee<sup>®</sup> Klamp An innovative product for the construction of steel tubular structures. **KEE KLAMP** fittings are pre-galvanised cast iron for strength and corrosion resistance.

Kee° Lite Fittings manufactured from a polished high grade aluminium alloy for the construction of lightweight tubular structures. **KEE LITE** fittings offer superior corrosion resistance, strength and durability.



A range of galvanised cast iron fittings suitable for stairs, ramps and walkways specially designed for disabled access, meeting the requirements of Building Regulations part 'M' and the Equality Act.

**KEE SAFETY** is a leading global supplier of components and bespoke safety systems. Our systems are quick and easy to design and install, and are very cost effective due to the modularity of their parts. The principle is simple yet highly effective, proven over 75 years in thousands of completed projects across the globe.

Whether you need to separate people from hazards or protect your equipment on site, **KEE SAFETY** offers the most cost effective, flexible and safe solutions to your barrier requirements.

# **Safety**

**KEE SAFETY** regularly monitors all new safety standards and directives to ensure the highest protection. Our systems not only meet but also exceed the current safety requirements and our components comply with the latest UK Building Regulations and European Standards.

# Quality

Quality is the overriding priority when manufacturing **KEE SAFETY** components. Fittings are manufactured to strict specifications and TÜV certified for strength, manufacturing quality and consistency.

# **Solutions**

From simple protection for loading bays or safety walkways in factories, to safety barriers in aggressive coastal environments or the protection of road bridges and culverts, **KEE SAFETY** provides the strategic integrated solution to give you absolute confidence in your safety requirements.



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# **Technical Information**

# **Galvanised Steel**

**KEE KLAMP** and **KEE ACCESS** components are supplied hot dip galvanised to BS EN ISO 1461.

### **Powder Coating**

Durable, polyester coating applied to already galvanised/polished products; available in any RAL colour.

### Aluminium

**KEE LITE** components are made from high grade Aluminium Silicon Magnesium Alloy.

## **Anti-Bacterial Coating**

Defence against the growth of potentially harmful invisible bacteria and fungi; this powder coating can be applied in a wide range of RAL colours.

### **RAL Colours**

The broad colour range offers a variety of visual contrast options. These colours will enhance any handrail, guardrail, balustrade or a multitude of applications.

# **Tube for your Structure**

**KEE SAFETY** components are produced in a range of standard sizes to suit steel tubing to BS EN 10255 (ISO 65), medium and heavy gauge, from 17.5mm to 60.3mm outside diameter; also equivalent sizes of tubing in other materials.

Tubing of other specifications can be used, providing the steel is compatible with BS EN 10255 (ISO 65) and wall thickness is not less than 3.2mm.

| KEE KLAMP<br>tube size | Tube diameter<br>(mm o.d.) | Nominal bore*<br>(mm) |
|------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------|
| 3                      | 17.5                       | 10                    |
| 4                      | 21.3                       | 15                    |
| 5                      | 26.9                       | 20                    |
| 6                      | 33.7                       | 25                    |
| 7                      | 42.4                       | 32                    |
| 8                      | 48.3                       | 40                    |
| 9                      | 60.3                       | 50                    |

<sup>\*</sup>Nominal bore is an arbitrary dimension, because the bore varies with the wall thickness of the tubes.

# **TÜV Approval**

**KEE SAFETY** components are approved by TÜV, Europe's leading independent testing house. The maximum load of each fitting type is as stated on the TÜV Certificate, a copy of which is available upon request. For an up-to-date TÜV listing see our website at **www.keesafety.co.uk.** 



### Note:

**KEE SAFETY** can provide general guidance on the use of the fittings detailed in this catalogue. However, the nature of the product means that the ultimate responsibility for selecting the correct fitting for an application rests with the customer.

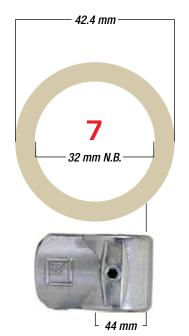
The customer should also ensure that any existing structure to which a KEE SAFETY component is being secured is of sufficient strength to support both the weight of the KEE SAFETY construction and the imposed loads applied, including wind loads, snow loads and any other superimposed loads.











# **Selecting Kee Safety Components**

Every fitting is illustrated and accompanied by a table of sizes and weights. Each fitting has a simple numerical code reference, which is unique and differentiates it from every other fitting. The code defines the type of fitting and the tube size or sizes it is designed to receive.

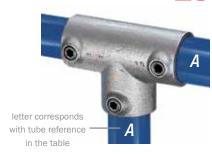
component type, name and description

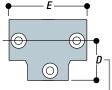
# 25

### **Three Socket Tee**

Most commonly used as the  $90^{\circ}$  joint between the top rail and an intermediate upright on safety railing. As there are two socket screws in the sleeve, this fitting can be used where a join is required in the horizontal tube. The Type  $10^{\circ}$  fitting can be used as an alternative when a join in

the tube is not required.





each letter in the drawing has a corresponding measurement in the table

first number preceding the dash identifies the component type

| Typo | Tube reference |  | Measurement (mm) |    |     | Weight |      |
|------|----------------|--|------------------|----|-----|--------|------|
| Туре | Α              |  | С                |    |     | F      | (Kg) |
| 25-4 | 4              |  |                  | 34 | 67  |        | 0.18 |
| 25–5 | 5              |  |                  | 41 | 82  |        | 0.37 |
| 25-6 | 6              |  |                  | 46 | 92  |        | 0.49 |
| 25–7 | 7              |  |                  | 60 | 120 |        | 0.85 |
| 25-8 | 8              |  |                  | 68 | 136 |        | 1.09 |
| 25–9 | 9              |  |                  | 84 | 168 |        | 1.74 |

the single digit following the dash defines the tube size. (Two digits after the dash indicate that the fitting is designed to receive two sizes of tube, and likewise with three digits.)

See below for tube reference digits related to actual tube dimensions





# **Specifying Components**

### **05 52 00 METAL RAILINGS**

### **PART 1-1 GENERAL**

- 1.1 SCOPE
- 1.2 RELATED WORK
- 1.3 RAILING STRUCTURAL REQUIREMENTS
- 1.4 SUBMITTALS
- 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

### **PART 2-2 PRODUCTS**

- 2.1 SUPPLIER
- **A.** Manufacturer of handrail, guardrail or railing systems shall be the following except where otherwise noted on the Drawings:

Kee Safety Limited Cradley Business Park Overend Road Cradley Heath, B64 7DW Tel. +44 (0) 1384 632 188

### 2.2 SYSTEMS

A. Handrails and Guardrails: Provide tube, KEE KLAMP, KEE LITE or KEE ACCESS fittings and accessories as indicated or required to match the design indicated in the Drawings.

### 2.3 METALS

- A. Tube
  - 1. Steel Tube: BS EN 10255 (ISO 65).
  - 2. Aluminium Tube: BS EN 755.
- B. Fittings and Castings
  - 1. Cast Iron Fittings or Castings to comply with BS EN 1562 & 1563.
  - 2. Hot Dip Galvanised finish to comply with BS EN ISO 1461.
  - 3. Aluminium Alloy Fittings or Castings conforming to A356–T6
  - Brackets, Flanges and Anchors: Cast or formed metal of same material and finish as supported rails.
- 2.4 OTHER MATERIALS
- 2.5 FABRICATION-GENERAL

### **PART 3-3 EXECUTION**

- 3.1 EXAMINATION AND PREPARATION
- 3.2 INSTALLATION
- 3.3 JOB CLOSE OUT

A brief three part specification for **KEE SAFETY** components is shown above for quick reference. The full specification is available for download on the **KEE SAFETY** website at **www.keesafety.co.uk**.

# Kee<sup>®</sup> Klamp

# **Galvanised Iron Components**

Steel tube is an inherently efficient structural component. It is strong, has no sharp corners, and is readily available worldwide. The difficulty in using steel tube to form structures arises when joining. Threaded tube must be supplied in set lengths making for zero flexibility in installation. Welding is labour intensive, requires a highly skilled workforce, and specialised equipment.

The answer is **KEE KLAMP** components. The underlying principle is simple but highly effective: use slip-on components to create versatile and rigid tubular structures. The **KEE KLAMP** principle has been developed and refined for more than 75 years resulting in an extensive range of components suited for any need.

# **Engineering**

The engineering principle behind the **KEE KLAMP** component is the foundation of the most versatile tube connection system available. We provide the versatility needed to achieve virtually any structure configuration.

**KEE KLAMP** fittings are iron castings manufactured to the requirements of BS EN 1562 & 1563. We have engineered a range of components to suit seven different sizes of tube. Hexagon socket set screws firmly lock the component to the tube. Set screws are manufactured in case hardened steel and are protected against corrosion with **KEE KOAT**; alternatively, stainless steel screws are available. This, combined with the **THREDKOAT** factory applied coating for the threaded recess, ensures that tubular structures achieve longer life and better corrosion resistance.

A **KEE KLAMP** component (size 5 to 9) can support an axial load of 900Kg per set screw with the set screw tightened to a torque of 4Kgm (39 Nm or 29lbs/ft); rating includes a safety factor of 2:1. This is normally obtained when the set screw is fully tightened using a ratchet wrench.



# **Fittings by Function**

# **Base Fittings**

- 62.....Standard Railing
- 63.....Angle Base
- **363**......Angle Base Flange 11°-30°
- 64.....Vertical Railing
- 65.....Horizontal Railing
- 66.....Ground
- 67.....Angle
- 68.....Wall
- 69.....Rail w/ Toe Adaptor
- 115......Wall
- 262.....Round Flange
- 265.....Offset Rail Wall
- 316......Parapet

# Clips

- 79.....Sheeting
- 81.....Single Sided
- 82.....Double Sided
- 105......Sheeting w/o hardware

# **Couplings**

- 14.....Straight
- 18....Internal
- 145.....Crossover

# Crosses

- 26.....Two Socket
- A26......Split Two Socket
- 326.....Level to Sloping Down or Up 30°-45°
- 328......Two Socket Cross 11°-30°
- **30**.....Adjustable 30°-45°
- 35.....Three Socket

- A35.....Split Three Socket
- 40.....Four Socket
- A40......Split Four Socket
- 89.....Two Socket Angle
- 91.....PGR Two Socket Cross

# Crossovers

- **17**.....Clamp-on
- 45.....Crossover
- A45.....Split
- 445......Spilt
- 46.....Combination Socket Tee 121.....Corner
- 121.....001

# **Elbows**

- **15**.....90°
- 20.....Side Outlet
- BC53.....Swivel
- 55.....Obtuse Angle
- 55A......Variable 11°-30°
- 56.....Acute Angle 56A......Acute Angle 11°-30°
- 87.....Angle
- 92.....PGR
- **320LH...**Left hand level to Sloping Down Side 30° –45°
- 320RH...Right hand level to Sloping Down Side 30°-45°

# **Flanges**

- **31**.....Pallet
- C58.....Swivel
- P58......Double Central Flange
- **59**.....Spigot
- 60.....Extra Heavy

- **61**.....Flange
- 70.....Rail Support

## **Swivel Sockets**

- C50.....Single Combination
- F50.....Female Single
- M50.....Male Single
- MH50.....Male Single Horizontal
- C51..... Double
- M51.....Male Double Member
- MH51.....Male Double Horizontal Member
- C52..... Corner
- M52.....Male Corner
- C53 ......Adjustable Three Way
- M53......Variable Angle Double
- M58.....Swivel Flange Plate
- 78/83.....Gate Hinge Set

# Tab Panels

- P50.....Offset Sing. w/ Slot
- P51.....Offset Double w/ Slot
- P57.....Single w/ Slot
- P57E.....Modified P57
- P58.....Double w/ CSH

### Tees/Sockets

- 10..... Single Socket
- A10...... Split Single Socket
- 12..... Single Socket 45°
- A12...... Split Single Socket 45°
- 16.....Clamp-on
- 19.....Adjustable Side Outlet
- **21**.....90° Side Outlet
- A21......Split 90° Side Outlet
- 25.....Three Socket

- 327......Three Socket 11°-30°
- 427......Three Socket Tee 30  $^{\circ}$  –45  $^{\circ}$
- 29.....Single Socket 30°-60°
- 329.....Single Socket Tee 11°-30°
- 46.....Combination Crossover
- 86.....Angle
- 88.....Three Socket Angle
- 90.....PGR Three Socket
- 93.....Pedestrian Guard Rail
- 114.....Swivel
- 321 LH..Left hand level to Sloping Down Side Outlet 30°-45°
- 321 RH..Right hand level to Sloping Down Side Outlet 30°-45°
- 325.....Level to Sloping Down 30°-45°
- 325A.....Level to Sloping Up 30  $^{\circ}$  –45  $^{\circ}$

### **Plugs**

- 77.....Plastic
- 84.....Malleable

### **Miscellaneous**

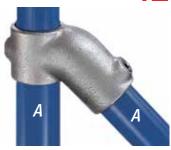
- 71.....Weather Cap
- 72.....Stair Tread Support
- 75.....Collar
- 76.....Hook
- 95.....PGR Internal Spigot
- 97....Set Screw
- 99.....Hex Key
- 100......Plastic Set Screw Caps S115.....Packer Plate for Type 115
- 118.....Rose Cover
- 350.....Eaves Fitting
- 351.....Ridge Fitting



# 10

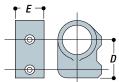
# **Single Socket Tee**

Designed to give a 90° perpendicular joint between two tubes most commonly where the middle rail of a guardrail meets an end upright where the guardrailing is flat and level. Also used for base ties on racking. This fitting cannot be used to join tube; a Type 25 should be used when a join in the tube is necessary.

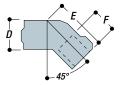


# **19** Single Socket Tee (45°)

Engineered to create 45° angles. This component is most frequently used for bracing and struts.



| TYPE  | Tube ref. |   | m  | Kg |      |
|-------|-----------|---|----|----|------|
| IIIFE | Α         |   | D  |    | кy   |
| 10-3  | 3         | 3 | 29 | 25 | 0.07 |
| 10-4  | 4         | 4 | 34 | 32 | 0.13 |
| 10-5  | 5         | 5 | 41 | 37 | 0.19 |
| 10-6  | 6         | 6 | 46 | 47 | 0.29 |
| 10-65 | 6         | 5 | 44 | 37 | 0.25 |
| 10-67 | 6         | 7 | 55 | 55 | 0.43 |
| 10-7  | 7         | 7 | 60 | 55 | 0.45 |
| 10-75 | 7         | 5 | 57 | 37 | 0.32 |
| 10-76 | 7         | 6 | 57 | 46 | 0.39 |
| 10-78 | 7         | 8 | 73 | 60 | 0.63 |
| 10-8  | 8         | 8 | 68 | 60 | 0.53 |
| 10-87 | 8         | 7 | 63 | 55 | 0.50 |
| 10-9  | 9         | 9 | 84 | 73 | 0.97 |
| 10-98 | 9         | 8 | 74 | 64 | 0.65 |



| TYPE | Tube ref. |    | Va  |    |      |  |
|------|-----------|----|-----|----|------|--|
| ITPE | Α         | D  |     |    | Kg   |  |
| 12-5 | 5         | 35 | 72  | 35 | 0.30 |  |
| 12-6 | 6         | 44 | 85  | 35 | 0.43 |  |
| 12-7 | 7         | 55 | 94  | 40 | 0.63 |  |
| 12-8 | 8         | 60 | 108 | 40 | 0.77 |  |

# A12 Split Single Socket Tee (45°)



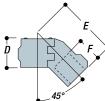
The unique hinge and pin system of this fitting enables existing structures to be easily extended without the need for dismantling. This fitting is most frequently used for bracing and struts.



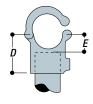
# **Split Single Socket Tee**

Designed to allow additions or extensions to existing structures without the need for dismantling. Tube must not be joined within the fitting. Fitting has strength and function comparable to Type 10 components.

Note: The A10-8 differs from the picture because it uses parts of the A21/A26 fittings to form it.



| TYPE  | Tube ref. | mm |     |    | Ka   |  |
|-------|-----------|----|-----|----|------|--|
| IIFE  | А         | D  |     |    | Ny   |  |
| A12-8 | 8         | 60 | 122 | 52 | 0.77 |  |
|       |           |    |     |    |      |  |



| TYPE  | Tube ref. | m  | Ka |      |
|-------|-----------|----|----|------|
| III   | Α         |    |    | I Ng |
| A10-7 | 7         | 60 | 28 | 0.57 |
| A10-8 | 8         | 88 | 33 | 0.89 |



# Straight Coupling

Designed to form an in-line joint between two pieces of tube of the same size. Where a constant diameter is required along the outside of the tube (such as disabled access handrail or garment storage) an internal spigot (Type 18) should be considered.



| TYPE | Tube ref. | mm<br>D | Kg   |
|------|-----------|---------|------|
| 14-4 | 4         | 58      | 0.14 |
| 14-5 | 5         | 77      | 0.23 |
| 14-6 | 6         | 89      | 0.39 |
| 14-7 | 7         | 102     | 0.52 |
| 14-8 | 8         | 104     | 0.57 |
| 14-9 | 9         | 124     | 1.08 |



# **15** Elbow (90°)

A 90° elbow joint, most frequently used as an end joint for the top rail of safety railing on a level site.



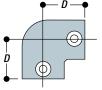
Note: This fitting can only be used with tube wall thickness 3.2 mm

# 18 Internal Coupling

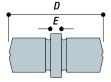
An internal spigot providing a flush joint between two tubes of the same diameter. Not as strong as Type 14 and must not be used where a direct tensile load is applied. This fitting can only be used with 3.2mm thick tube.



**WARNING:** Type 18 coupling must not be used as a load bearing joint.



| TYPE | Tube ref.<br>A | mm<br>D | Kg   |
|------|----------------|---------|------|
| 15-4 | 4              | 34      | 0.13 |
| 15-5 | 5              | 41      | 0.27 |
| 15-6 | 6              | 46      | 0.37 |
| 15-7 | 7              | 60      | 0.52 |
| 15-8 | 8              | 68      | 0.77 |
| 15-9 | 9              | 85      | 1.28 |



| TYPE | Tube ref. | m  | Va |      |  |
|------|-----------|----|----|------|--|
| IIFE |           |    |    | Kg   |  |
| 18-6 | 6         | 76 | 20 | 0.18 |  |
| 18-7 | 7         | 76 | 20 | 0.27 |  |
| 18-8 | 8         | 76 | 20 | 0.35 |  |

# 16 Clamp-on Tee

Α

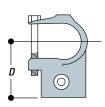
Widely used for adding to and modifying existing structures. This performs the same function as a Type 10, but because of its open socket, it can be added to a complete structure. For alternative fitting, see Type A10. The hex head bolt is for retaining purposes only. Torqued up to 15Nm.



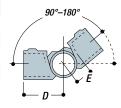
# 19 Adjustable Side Outlet Tee

Used in pairs to form variable angle joints between 90° and 180°. When calculating cutting lengths for tube, dimension 'E' should be subtracted to give true tube length. N.B. Type 19-85 can produce an angle range between 60° and 180°.

Note: Pairs sold and priced separately in UK, France, and Germany.



| ТҮРЕ | Tube ref. | mm<br>D | Kg   |
|------|-----------|---------|------|
| 16-5 | 5         | 50      | 0.29 |
| 16-6 | 6         | 53      | 0.45 |
| 16-7 | 7         | 67      | 0.59 |
| 16-8 | 8         | 77      | 0.81 |
| 16-9 | 9         | 90      | 0.98 |



| TYPE  | Tube ref. mm |   | m   | Kg |      |
|-------|--------------|---|-----|----|------|
| ITFE  |              |   | D   |    | кy   |
| 19-5  | 5            | 5 | 60  | 31 | 0.20 |
| 19-6  | 6            | 6 | 58  | 33 | 0.29 |
| 19-7  | 7            | 7 | 73  | 40 | 0.41 |
| 19-8  | 8            | 8 | 90  | 55 | 0.53 |
| 19-85 | 8            | 8 | 90  | 55 | 0.65 |
| 19-8T | 8            | 8 | 90  | 59 | 0.64 |
| 19-9  | 9            | 9 | 110 | 49 | 0.92 |

# **7** Clamp-on Crossover

Designed to provide a 90° crossover joint. Can be added to an existing structure. Tube should not be joined within this fitting. For an alternative fitting, see Type 45 or Type A45.

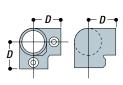


|                            | TVDE | Tube ref. |  | mm |    | 1/ ~ |  |
|----------------------------|------|-----------|--|----|----|------|--|
|                            | TYPE |           |  | D  |    | Kg   |  |
|                            | 17-5 | 5         |  | 27 | 40 | 0.15 |  |
| <b>→</b> <i>D</i> <b>→</b> | 17-6 | 6         |  | 34 | 48 | 0.33 |  |
|                            | 17-7 | 7         |  | 43 | 58 | 0.43 |  |
| ))]                        | 17-8 | 8         |  | 49 | 65 | 0.70 |  |
|                            | 17-9 | 9         |  | 61 | 78 | 0.90 |  |



# **Side Outlet Elbow**

A 90° corner joint most frequently used for the top rail of safety railing. It can also be considered for the corner joint of benches, work tables, and other rectangular structures.



| TYPE | Tube ref. | mm<br>D | Kg   |
|------|-----------|---------|------|
| 20-4 | 4         | 34      | 0.26 |
| 20-5 | 5         | 41      | 0.38 |
| 20-6 | 6         | 46      | 0.48 |
| 20-7 | 7         | 60      | 0.70 |
| 20-8 | 8         | 68      | 0.99 |
| 20-9 | 9         | 84      | 1.82 |



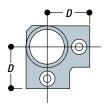
# Side Outlet Tee (90°)

Most frequently paired with Type 20 to give a 90° corner joint for the middle rail of safety railing and other rectangular structures. The upright passes through the fitting.

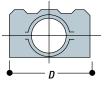


# **Two Socket Cross**

Usually paired with Type 25 to give a 90° joint between the middle rail and an intermediate upright on safety railing. The upright passes through the fitting.



| TYPE | Tube ref. | mm<br>D | Kg   |
|------|-----------|---------|------|
| 21-4 | 4         | 34      | 0.14 |
| 21-5 | 5         | 41      | 0.28 |
| 21-6 | 6         | 46      | 0.41 |
| 21-7 | 7         | 60      | 0.55 |
| 21-8 | 8         | 68      | 0.73 |
| 21-9 | 9         | 85      | 1.36 |



| TYPE  | Tube | e ref. | mm  | Va   |
|-------|------|--------|-----|------|
| ITPE  | Α    |        | D   | Kg   |
| 26-4  | 4    | 4      | 68  | 0.13 |
| 26-5  | 5    | 5      | 81  | 0.27 |
| 26-6  | 6    | 6      | 92  | 0.40 |
| 26-7  | 7    | 7      | 120 | 0.65 |
| 26-8  | 8    | 8      | 136 | 0.71 |
| 26-87 | 8    | 7      | 126 | 0.67 |
| 26-9  | 9    | 9      | 172 | 1.46 |

# A21/A26 Split Two Socket

# **Cross/Side Outlet** Tee (90°)



This fitting performs the same function as either Type 21 or Type 26, but because of its unique hinge and pin system, it can be added to an existing tubular assembly. Type A21/ A26 fittings are supplied and priced as a kit including two casting and two taper pins, which can be assembled in either configuration.

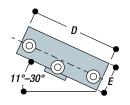


| TYPF      | Tube ref. | mm |    | Ka.  |
|-----------|-----------|----|----|------|
| III       | А         | D  |    | кy   |
| A21/A26-8 | 8         | 88 | 60 | 1.17 |
|           |           |    |    |      |



# **Three Socket** Tee (11°-30°)

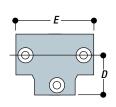
This fitting is used on Safety Railing with slopes between 11°-30° and fixes the top rail to a vertical intermediate upright.



| TYPE  | Tube ref. | mm  |    | Va   |
|-------|-----------|-----|----|------|
| ITPE  |           | D   |    | Kg   |
| 327-7 | 7         | 180 | 35 | 1.10 |
| 327-8 | 8         | 216 | 40 | 1.40 |

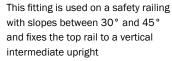
# **Three Socket Tee**

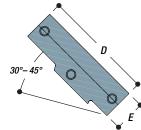
Most commonly used as the 90° joint between the top rail and an intermediate upright on safety railing. As there are two socket set screws in the sleeve, this fitting can be used where a join is required in the horizontal tube. The Type 10 fitting can be used as an alternative when a join in the tube is not required.



| TYPE | Tube ref. | mm |     | Kg   |
|------|-----------|----|-----|------|
| IIFE | Α         |    |     | кy   |
| 25-4 | 4         | 34 | 67  | 0.18 |
| 25-5 | 5         | 41 | 82  | 0.37 |
| 25-6 | 6         | 46 | 92  | 0.49 |
| 25-7 | 7         | 60 | 120 | 0.85 |
| 25-8 | 8         | 68 | 136 | 0.98 |
| 25-9 | 9         | 84 | 168 | 1.57 |

# **Three Socket Tee** (30°-45°)





| TYPE  | Tube ref. | mm  |    | V a  |
|-------|-----------|-----|----|------|
| ITPE  |           | D   |    | Kg   |
| 427-7 | 7         | 180 | 55 | 0.95 |
| 427-8 | 8         | 216 | 60 | 1.22 |

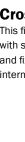


# 328

# Two Socket Cross (11°-30°)

This fittings is used on Safety Railing with slopes between 11°–30° and fixes the mid rail to a vertical intermediate upright.





Tube ref.



# Adjustable Cross (30°–45°)

This adjustable fitting can be used for railing on staircases between the mid-rail and an intermediate upright which is required to remain vertical. It may be used at any selected angle between 30° and 45°.



| TYPE | Tube ref.<br>A | mm<br>D | Kg   |
|------|----------------|---------|------|
| 30-6 | 6              | 146     | 0.64 |
| 30-7 | 7              | 178     | 0.97 |
| 30-8 | 8              | 216     | 1.30 |

# 29

TYPE 328-7

328-8

# Single Socket Tee (30°-60°)

180

216

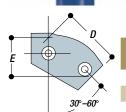
Designed as an alternative to Type 12, this adjustable fitting is most frequently used for bracing and struts. It may be used at any selected angle between 30° and 60°. See diagram on page 45.

55

60

1.07

1.20

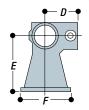


| TYPE | Tube ref. |     | m  | Kg   |  |
|------|-----------|-----|----|------|--|
|      | A         | D   | Ε  |      |  |
| 29-6 | 6         | 73  | 64 | 0.44 |  |
| 29-7 | 7         | 89  | 74 | 0.63 |  |
| 29-8 | 8         | 102 | 68 | 0.71 |  |

# 31

# Pallet Flange

This fitting has been designed for the construction of post pallets. Incorporates sockets for the upright and side tubes, and a locating bell for stacking pallets. (Special order only.)

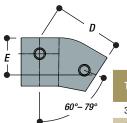


| TYPE | Tube ref.<br><i>A</i> | D  | mm<br><i>E</i> | F   | Kg   |
|------|-----------------------|----|----------------|-----|------|
| 31-8 | 8                     | 76 | 127            | 115 | 1.80 |

# 329

# Single Socket Tee (11°–30°)

Designed as an alternative to Type 12, this adjustable fitting is most frequently used for bracing and struts and for terminating the mid-rail on sloping guardrails into the end upright. It may be used at any selected angle between 11° and 30°

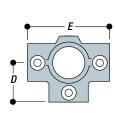


| TYPE  | Tube ref. | mm  |    | Ka   |
|-------|-----------|-----|----|------|
| TIPE  | А         |     |    | кy   |
| 329-7 | 7         | 99  | 54 | 0.73 |
| 329-8 | 8         | 109 | 59 | 0.86 |

# 35

# **Three Socket Cross**

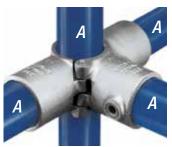
Most frequently used to tie uprights with horizontal tubes in three directions, all at 90° to the upright. The upright passes through the fitting.



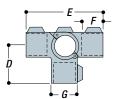
| TYPE | Tube ref. | m  | ım  | Va   |
|------|-----------|----|-----|------|
| TYPE | А         |    |     | Kg   |
| 35-4 | 4         | 34 | 67  | 0.20 |
| 35-5 | 5         | 41 | 82  | 0.35 |
| 35-6 | 6         | 46 | 92  | 0.45 |
| 35-7 | 7         | 60 | 120 | 0.77 |
| 35-8 | 8         | 68 | 136 | 0.93 |
| 35-9 | 9         | 85 | 170 | 1.68 |



# A35 Split Three Socket Cross



The unique hinge and pin system of this fitting enables existing structures to be easily extended without the need for dismantling. This fitting has been designed to tie an upright with horizontal tubes in three directions, all at 90° to the upright. The upright passes through the fitting.

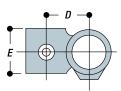


| TYPE  | Tube ref. |    | Ka  |    |    |      |
|-------|-----------|----|-----|----|----|------|
|       | Α         |    |     |    |    | Ny   |
| A35-8 | 8         | 88 | 176 | 55 | 60 | 1.57 |

# 45 A

## Crossover

Designed to give a 90 ° crossover joint. Frequently used on safety railing where, to reduce cost by minimising the tube cuts, a continuous horizontal rail is used. Tube cannot be joined within this fitting. It may also be used to give intermediate levels on racks, etc. when horizontal ties between uprights are not required.



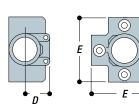
Note: Where dimension 'E' inidcates two figures, the first figure refers to socket 'A' and the second refers to socket 'B' in the table.

| TYPE  | Tube | e ref. |    | mm  |     | Kg   |
|-------|------|--------|----|-----|-----|------|
| IIIFE |      | В      |    |     |     | кy   |
| 45-3  | 3    | 3      | 21 | 25  | -   | 0.07 |
| 45-4  | 4    | 4      | 25 | 28  | -   | 0.15 |
| 45-5  | 5    | 5      | 34 | 31  | -   | 0.20 |
| 45-6  | 6    | 6      | 40 | 38  | -   | 0.34 |
| 45-65 | 6    | 5      | 36 | 41  | 37  | 0.29 |
| 45-7  | 7    | 7      | 55 | 46  | -   | 0.48 |
| 45-76 | 7    | 6      | 45 | 46  | 38  | 0.45 |
| 45-8  | 8    | 8      | 55 | 50  | -   | 0.59 |
| 45-86 | 8    | 6      | 48 | 51  | 38  | 0.45 |
| 45-87 | 8    | 7      | 51 | 51  | 46  | 0.55 |
| 45-9  | 9    | 9      | 67 | 61  | -   | 0.91 |
| 45-98 | 9    | 8      | 60 | 75  | 73  | 1.09 |
| .1 00 |      |        |    | . • | . • |      |

# 40

# **Four Socket Cross**

Most frequently used in multiple upright structures to tie a centre upright with horizontal tubes in four directions. The upright passes through the fitting.

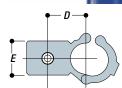


| TYPE | Tube ref. | m  | Ka  |      |
|------|-----------|----|-----|------|
| ITPE | Α         |    |     | Kg   |
| 40-4 | 4         | 34 | 67  | 0.27 |
| 40-5 | 5         | 32 | 82  | 0.40 |
| 40-6 | 6         | 37 | 92  | 1.01 |
| 40-7 | 7         | 43 | 120 | 1.29 |
| 40-8 | 8         | 53 | 136 | 1.90 |
| 40-9 | 9         | 62 | 168 | 2.04 |

# **A45**

# Split Crossover

The unique hinge and pin system of this fitting enables existing structures to be easily extended without the need for dismantling. This fitting is designed to give a 90° offset crossover joint. Tube should not be joined within the fitting. Type A45 function is comparable to Type 45 fitting.

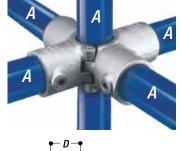


| TYPE  | Tube ref. | m  | Ka |      |
|-------|-----------|----|----|------|
| TIPE  | А         | D  |    | ĸy   |
| A45-7 | 7         | 49 | 46 | 0.65 |
| A45-8 | 8         | 55 | 50 | 0.79 |

# **A40**

# **Split Four Socket Cross**

The unique hinge and pin system of this fitting enables existing structures to be easily extended without the need for dismantling. This fitting is most frequently used in multiple upright structures to tie a centre upright with horizontal tubes in four directions. The upright passes through the fitting.



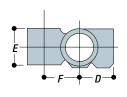
|    | Ę   |
|----|-----|
| )[ | •   |
|    | TYI |

| TYPE  | Tube ref. |    | Va |    |      |
|-------|-----------|----|----|----|------|
| TIPE  | А         |    |    |    | , ky |
| A40-8 | 8         | 60 | 88 | 55 | 1.82 |

# 46

# Combination Socket Tee and Crossover

Used on racking to join horizontal carrying rails to the upright, leaving the socket to take a horizontal tie across the section. For shelved racking it is usual to have the horizontal tube outside the upright. On pallet racking it is preferable to have the carrying rails inside the upright.



| TYPE | Tube ref. |    | mm |    | Kg   |  |
|------|-----------|----|----|----|------|--|
| IIFL | А         |    |    |    | кy   |  |
| 46-4 | 4         | 34 | 28 | 25 | 0.15 |  |
| 46-5 | 5         | 41 | 31 | 34 | 0.30 |  |
| 46-6 | 6         | 46 | 38 | 40 | 0.49 |  |
| 46-7 | 7         | 60 | 46 | 49 | 0.69 |  |
| 46-8 | 8         | 68 | 51 | 55 | 0.91 |  |
| 46-9 | 9         | 85 | 61 | 67 | 1.37 |  |



# **Swivel Fittings**

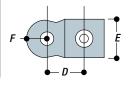
Types F50, M50, MH50, M51, MH51, M52, M53 and M58 are known as swivel fittings and can be assembled as Types C50, CH50, C51, C52, C53 and C58, or supplied as separate items. They are frequently used for bracing but can also overcome problems where joints are required at angles other than those achieved by fixed angle fittings. For economical use of tubing, when making 'C' fittings, or combination fittings, Types F50 (sizes 5 to 9 only) can be combined with different sizes of Types M50, MH50, M51, MH51, M52, M53 and M58. F50-4 and M50-4 will only combine with each other. WARNING!: An entire structure should not be constructed from swivel fittings, as they would not provide sufficient stability or rigidity in the structure. Types M50, MH50, M51, M52, M53 and M58 can also be used separately to secure various types of in-fill panel. These fittings are not designed to take bending moments.

# Male Single Swivel **Socket Member**



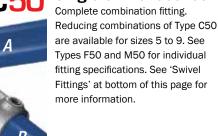
One part of combination fitting C50. This can also be used for attaching flat panels to tubular structures. Ø indicates the diameter of the fixing

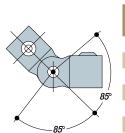
Note: Type M50-4 will only mate with a Type



| TYPE  | Tube ref. |    | Va |    |     |      |  |
|-------|-----------|----|----|----|-----|------|--|
| TIPE  | Α         |    |    |    |     | Kg   |  |
| M50-4 | 4         | 28 | 20 | 11 | 6.5 | 0.06 |  |
| M50-5 | 5         | 40 | 38 | 19 | 10  | 0.24 |  |
| M50-6 | 6         | 43 | 38 | 19 | 10  | 0.27 |  |
| M50-7 | 7         | 48 | 38 | 19 | 10  | 0.36 |  |
| M50-8 | 8         | 54 | 47 | 19 | 10  | 0.36 |  |
| M50-9 | 9         | 62 | 45 | 19 | 10  | 0.54 |  |

# **Single Swivel Socket**





| TYPE   | Tube | ref. | Va   |
|--------|------|------|------|
| ITPE   |      |      | Kg   |
| C50-44 | 4    | 4    | 0.15 |
| C50-55 | 5    | 5    | 0.56 |
| C50-66 | 6    | 6    | 0.64 |
| C50-77 | 7    | 7    | 0.80 |
| C50-88 | 8    | 8    | 0.91 |
| C50-99 | 9    | 9    | 1.22 |
|        |      |      |      |

# MH50

# **Male Single Horizontal Swivel Socket Member**

This fitting can be used for attaching flat panels to tubular structures. Specially designed for retail shelving applications. Can also be used as part of a Type CH50 combination fitting. Ø indicates the diameter of the fixing hole.



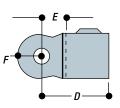
|   | TYPE   | Tube ref. |    |    | m  | m  |    |    | Va   |
|---|--------|-----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|------|
| H | ITFE   |           |    |    |    |    |    |    | Ng   |
|   | MH50-6 | 6         | 43 | 38 | 38 | 11 | 46 | 10 | 0.30 |



# **Female Single Swivel Socket Member**

One part of combination fitting C50. The Type F50 in size 4 has only one ear, while Type F50 in sizes 5 to 9 has two ears. Ø indicates the diameter of the fixing hole.

Note: Type F50-4 will only mate with a Type



| TYPE  | Tube ref. |    | Kg |    |     |      |  |
|-------|-----------|----|----|----|-----|------|--|
| ITPE  | Α         |    |    |    |     | кy   |  |
| F50-4 | 4         | 38 | 14 | 11 | 6.5 | 0.07 |  |
| F50-5 | 5         | 60 | 25 | 19 | 10  | 0.28 |  |
| F50-6 | 6         | 60 | 21 | 19 | 10  | 0.34 |  |
| F50-7 | 7         | 68 | 21 | 19 | 10  | 0.42 |  |
| F50-8 | 8         | 76 | 25 | 19 | 10  | 0.52 |  |
| F50-9 | 9         | 83 | 21 | 19 | 10  | 0.65 |  |

# P50 Modified M50-8 with Offset Slot



Designed for the securing of various types of panels and flooring to tube structures (i.e. plywood, plastic sheeting, wood planking, etc.). This fitting has one offset flange to allow the flush attachment of panels to tube. Often used with Type P51. See also Type P57.



|   | TVDE  | Tube ref. |    | mm  D E F G H J K L  61 80 47 32 8 10 11 13 |    |    |   |    |    |    | Va   |
|---|-------|-----------|----|---|----|----|---|----|----|----|------|
| , | IIFL  | А         |    |   |    |    |   |    | Κ  |    | кy   |
| - | P50-8 | 8         | 61 | 80  | 47 | 32 | 8 | 10 | 11 | 13 | 0.48 |
|   |       |           |    |   |    |    |   |    |    |    |      |



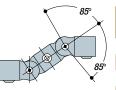
# **Double Swivel Socket**

Complete combination fitting. Type C51 is made by combining two Type F50 fittings and one Type M51. For dimensions refer to Type F50 and Type M51. See 'Swivel Fittings' on page 12 for more information.

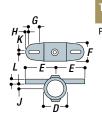


# Modified M51-8 with Offset Slots

Designed for the secure fitting of various types of panels and flooring to tube structures (i.e. plywood, plastic sheeting, wood planking, etc.) This fitting has two offset flanges to allow the flush attachment of panels to tube.



| TYPE    |   | Ka. |   |      |
|---------|---|-----|---|------|
| TIPE    |   |     | С | Kg   |
| C51-555 | 5 | 5   | 5 | 0.87 |
| C51-666 | 6 | 6   | 6 | 1.11 |
| C51-777 | 7 | 7   | 7 | 1.35 |
| C51-888 | 8 | 8   | 8 | 1.57 |
| C51-999 | 9 | 9   | 9 | 2.06 |



|   | TYPE  | Tube ref. |    |    |    | m  | m |    |    |    | Kg   |
|---|-------|-----------|----|----|----|----|---|----|----|----|------|
|   | ITPE  | А         | D  |    |    |    |   |    | Κ  |    | Ny   |
| _ | P51-8 | 8         | 61 | 81 | 47 | 32 | 8 | 10 | 11 | 13 | 0.59 |
|   |       | •         |    |    |    |    |   |    |    |    |      |
|   |       |           |    |    |    |    |   |    |    |    |      |

# **M51**

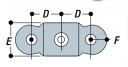
# **Male Double Swivel Socket Member**

One part of a Type C51 combination fitting. This fitting can also be used for attaching flat panels to tubular structures. Ø indicates the diameter of the fixing hole.

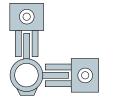


# **Corner Swivel Socket**

Complete combination fitting. Reducing combinations of Type C52 are available sizes 5 to 8. For dimensions refer to Type F50 and Type M52. See 'Swivel Fittings' (top of page 12) for more information.



| TYPE  | Tube ref. |    | Va |    |    |      |
|-------|-----------|----|----|----|----|------|
| HIPE  | Α         |    |    |    |    | Kg   |
| M51-5 | 5         | 40 | 38 | 19 | 10 | 0.33 |
| M51-6 | 6         | 43 | 38 | 19 | 10 | 0.38 |
| M51-7 | 7         | 48 | 45 | 19 | 10 | 0.46 |
| M51-8 | 8         | 54 | 45 | 19 | 10 | 0.48 |
| M51-9 | 9         | 62 | 52 | 19 | 10 | 0.71 |



| TYPE    |   | Tube ref. | Va |      |
|---------|---|-----------|----|------|
| HIFE    | A |           | С  | Kg   |
| C52-555 | 5 | 5         | 5  | 0.97 |
| C52-666 | 6 | 6         | 6  | 1.12 |
| C52-777 | 7 | 7         | 7  | 1.34 |
| C52-888 | 8 | 8         | 8  | 1.55 |

# **MH51**

# **Male Double Horizontal Swivel Socket Member**

This fitting can be used for attaching flat panels to tubular structures. Specially designed for retail shelving applications, the MH51 can be used as part of a CH51 combination fitting. Ø indicates the diameter of the fixing

10 0.44

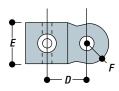


|   | TYPE   | Tube ref. |    | m  |    |    |    |
|---|--------|-----------|----|----|----|----|----|
|   | HILL   | Α         |    |    |    |    |    |
| $\leftarrow D \stackrel{\smile}{\longrightarrow}$ | MH51-6 | 6         | 43 | 38 | 11 | 46 | 38 |
|   |        |           |    |    |    |    |    |



# M52 Male Corner **Swivel Socket Member**

One part of a Type C52 combination fitting. This can also be used for attaching flat panels to tubular structures. Ø indicates the diameter of the fixing hole.



| TYPE  | Tube ref. |    | Va |    |    |      |
|-------|-----------|----|----|----|----|------|
| TIPE  |           |    |    |    |    | Kg   |
| M52-5 | 5         | 40 | 38 | 19 | 10 | 0.37 |
| M52-6 | 6         | 43 | 38 | 19 | 10 | 0.39 |
| M52-7 | 7         | 50 | 45 | 19 | 10 | 0.45 |
| M52-8 | 8         | 54 | 47 | 19 | 10 | 0.46 |



# **BC53**

# **Swivel Elbow**

Type BC53 fitting has been designed as a variable angle in-line connection, adjustable through 202°.





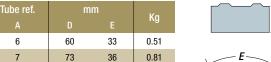
WARNING!: An entire structure should not be constructed from Type BC53-88 or any other swivel fitting, as these would not provide sufficient stability or rigidity in the structure due to the free rotation of the fitting.

45



# **Obtuse Angle Elbow**

The Type 55 is an ideal fitting to use as an alternative to bending, or when a junction between a sloping tube and an end post is required, i.e. guardrail and staircases. (Refer to page 45 for more information.)



1.14



| TVD  | _ Tube ref. |    | mm  | Va   |
|------|-------------|----|-----|------|
| TYPE | L A         | D  |     | Kg   |
| 55-6 | 6           | 46 | 116 | 0.51 |
| 55-7 | 7 7         | 55 | 154 | 0.81 |
| 55-8 | 8           | 60 | 153 | 0.85 |

**TYPE** BC53-66

BC53-77

BC53-88

# **Adjustable Three Way Swivel Socket**

83

Complete combination fitting. Type C53 is made by combining two Type M53 and two Type F50 fittings. For dimensions refer to Type F50 and type M53. See 'Swivel Fittings' on page 12 for more information. Ø indicates the diameter of the fixing



| TYPE    | Tube ref. |   | mm |      | Ka   |
|---------|-----------|---|----|------|------|
| TIPE    | Α         | В | С  | Ø    | rty  |
| C53-888 | 8         | 8 | 8  | 10.5 | 1.54 |

hole.

# Variable Elbow (11°-30°)

The Type 55A is an ideal fitting to use as an alternative to bending or when a junction between a sloping tube and an end post is required.



| D         | TYPE  |
|-----------|-------|
| _ E       | 55A-7 |
|           | 55A-8 |
|           |       |
| 160°-179° |       |

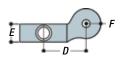
| TYPE  | Tube ref. | m  | ım  | Ka   |
|-------|-----------|----|-----|------|
| TIFE  | А         | D  |     | Ng   |
| 55A-7 | 7         | 55 | 115 | 1.00 |
| 55A-8 | 8         | 60 | 150 | 1.28 |

# M53 Variable Angle Double **Swivel Socket Member**

A part of a Type C53 combination fitting. Type C53 is made by combining two Type M53 and two Type F50 fittings.

Ø indicates the diameter of the fixing hole.

| т\   | /PF  | Tube ref. |    | mm |    |      |      |  |
|------|------|-----------|----|----|----|------|------|--|
| TIPE | Α    | D         |    |    | Ø  | Kg   |      |  |
| MS   | 53-8 | 8         | 54 | 23 | 19 | 10.5 | 0.25 |  |



Α



# **Acute Angle** Elbow (30°-45°)

Type 56 is an ideal fitting to use as an alternative to bending, or when a junction between a sloping tube and an end post is required, i.e. guardrail and staircases. (Refer to page 45 for more information.)

| D E 30°- 45° |
|--------------|
|--------------|

| TYPE | Tube ref. |     | mm  |     | Ka   |
|------|-----------|-----|-----|-----|------|
| IIIL | Α         | D   |     |     | Kg   |
| 56-7 | 7         | 105 | 99  | 99  | 0.98 |
| 56-8 | 8         | 134 | 112 | 112 | 1.29 |
|      | '         | '   |     |     |      |





# **56A** Acute Angle Elbow (11°–30°)

Type 56A is an ideal fitting to use as an alternative to bending, or when a junction between a sloping tube and an end post is required i.e. guardrail on staircases between 11° and 30°

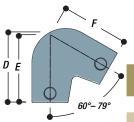


# **C58** Swivel Flange

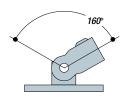
A swivel fitting for attachment of angled tubing to a flat surface. For dimensions refer to Type F50 and Type M58.



WARNING!: C58 is not recommended for use as a base flange to support guardrail, balustrades or other types of structure.



| TYPE  | Tube ref. | D   | mm<br><i>E</i> | F   | Kg   |
|-------|-----------|-----|----------------|-----|------|
| 56A-7 | 7         | 120 | 108            | 108 | 0.94 |
| 56A-8 | 8         | 125 | 112            | 112 | 1.12 |



| TYPE  | Tube ref.<br>A | Kg   |
|-------|----------------|------|
| C58-5 | 5              | 0.70 |
| C58-6 | 6              | 0.76 |
| C58-7 | 7              | 0.84 |
| C58-8 | 8              | 0.94 |
| C58-9 | 9              | 0.98 |



# Modified M50-8 with Slot

Designed for the securing of various types of panels and flooring to tube structures (i.e. plywood, plastic sheeting, wood planking, etc.). This fitting has a single offset flange to allow for the attachment of panels to tube. See Type P50.



# M58 Swivel Flange Plate

This fitting may be considered for various wall and brace fixings. It is often combined with Type F50 to give an adjustable angle fitting Type C58. The diameter of the attachment bolt hole is 10mm. Ø indicates the diameter of the fixing hole.



| TVDE  | TYPE |    | mm   |    |      |   |    |    |      |
|-------|------|----|------|----|------|---|----|----|------|
| ITFE  | Α    |    |      |    |      |   |    | K  | r.y  |
| P57-8 | 8    | 61 | 77.5 | 32 | 22.5 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 0.30 |
|       |      |    |      |    |      |   |    |    |      |



| <i>b</i> |
|----------|
| E E      |
| K        |
| <b>1</b> |
| + G → H  |

|   | TVDE        |    |    |     | m  | m |    |   |    | V a  |
|---|-------------|----|----|-----|----|---|----|---|----|------|
|   | HIFL        |    |    |     |    |   |    | K | Ø  | кy   |
| • | TYPE<br>M58 | 35 | 84 | 112 | 51 | 6 | 45 | 9 | 11 | 0.37 |
|   |             |    |    |     |    |   |    |   |    |      |
|   |             |    |    |     |    |   |    |   |    |      |
| , |             |    |    |     |    |   |    |   |    |      |
| 1 |             |    |    |     |    |   |    |   |    |      |

# **P57E**

# **Modified P57**

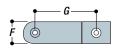
This fitting is similar to the P57-8 but has an elongated offset flange with a fixing hole rather than a slot.



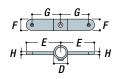


# P58 Double Central Flange Fitting

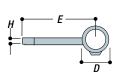
This fitting is designed for securing various types of panels and flooring to tubular structures. It has central flanges with fixing holes.



| TVDE   | Tube ref.  A 7 |    |     | m  | m  |    |   | Ka   |
|--------|----------------|----|-----|----|----|----|---|------|
| ITPE   | Α              |    |     |    |    |    |   | Ng   |
| P57E-7 | 7              | 55 | 103 | 32 | 86 | 11 | 6 | 0.37 |



| TYPE Tube ref. |   |    |     |    | m  |    |   | Va   |
|----------------|---|----|-----|----|----|----|---|------|
| ITFE           | A |    |     |    |    |    |   |      |
| P58-7          | 7 | 55 | 103 | 32 | 86 | 11 | 6 | 0.56 |
|                | ' |    |     |    |    |    |   |      |



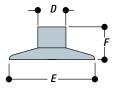




# **Spigot Flange**

A spigot flange which fits inside the tube and is not secured by a socket screw. Type 59 can only be used with a tube wall thickness of 3.2 mm and in light, self supporting structures.

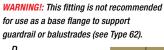
Note: No fixing holes are provided in this fitting.

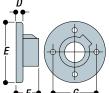


| TYPE | Tube ref. |    | mm  | <b>K</b> a |      |
|------|-----------|----|-----|------------|------|
| III  | Α         |    |     |            | Kg   |
| 59-5 | 5         | 18 | 81  | 28         | 0.33 |
| 59-6 | 6         | 24 | 87  | 32         | 0.40 |
| 59-7 | 7         | 32 | 98  | 35         | 0.60 |
| 59-8 | 8         | 38 | 103 | 41         | 0.85 |
| 59-9 | 9         | 49 | 110 | 48         | 1.00 |

# **Extra Heavy Flange**

Heavy duty flange with wide base for spreading loads over a large surface area. Holes provided for countersunk flat head screw fixings only, for use on structures where the fixing required is positional only. Frequently used as a wall fixing bracket (refer to table on page 49).

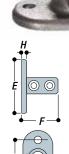




| TYPE | Tube ref. |    | mm  |    |     |   |      |  |
|------|-----------|----|-----|----|-----|---|------|--|
| ITPE | Α         |    |     |    |     |   | Kg   |  |
| 60-5 | 5         | 14 | 130 | 64 | 79  | 8 | 0.89 |  |
| 60-6 | 6         | 14 | 140 | 64 | 86  | 8 | 1.15 |  |
| 60-7 | 7         | 14 | 149 | 64 | 95  | 8 | 1.30 |  |
| 60-8 | 8         | 14 | 156 | 64 | 102 | 8 | 1.48 |  |

# 62 Standard Railing **Flange**

Ideal when a structural fixing is required for guard rail and balustrades. The holes are of sufficient diameter to ensure proper fixing with either a mechanical or chemical anchor. The two set screws in the vertical socket give greater side-load stability to the upright. It is recommended that the fixing holes in the flange should be in line with the applied load (refer to table on page 49). Ø indicates the diameter of the fixing hole.



| TYPE | Tube ref. |     | mm  |     |     |    |    |      |  |
|------|-----------|-----|-----|-----|-----|----|----|------|--|
| A    | Α         |     |     |     |     |    |    | Kg   |  |
| 62-5 | 5         | 64  | 116 | 76  | 76  | 8  | 11 | 0.59 |  |
| 62-6 | 6         | 76  | 128 | 89  | 89  | 8  | 14 | 0.73 |  |
| 62-7 | 7         | 75  | 140 | 89  | 102 | 10 | 14 | 0.97 |  |
| 62-8 | 8         | 85  | 155 | 89  | 115 | 10 | 14 | 1.12 |  |
| 62-9 | 9         | 102 | 165 | 127 | 127 | 10 | 18 | 1.76 |  |



# **Round Base Flange**

Sleek round base flange. A single fixing hole is hidden to create a more aesthetic look. The two set screws in the vertical socket give greater upright stability. Ø indicates diameter of fixing hole.



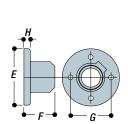
| TYPE  | Tube ref. |     | Kg |    |    |      |
|-------|-----------|-----|----|----|----|------|
|       | A         |     |    |    |    | ку   |
| 262-8 | 8         | 116 | 89 | 10 | 14 | 0.96 |
|       |           |     |    |    |    |      |



### Flange

Used on structures where the fixing required is positional only. Frequently used as a wall fixing bracket (refer to table on page 49). Holes provided for countersunk flathead screw fixings only. Ø indicates the diameter of the fixing hole.

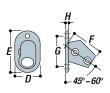
WARNING!: It is not recommended for use as a base flange to support guardrail or balustrades (see Type 62).



| TYPE | Tube ref. |     | mm |    |    |     |      |  |  |  |  |  |
|------|-----------|-----|----|----|----|-----|------|--|--|--|--|--|
| IIFL | Α         |     |    |    |    |     | Kg   |  |  |  |  |  |
| 61-3 | 3         | 70  | 32 | 47 | 6  | 6.5 | 0.19 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 61-4 | 4         | 76  | 39 | 54 | 6  | 6.5 | 0.23 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 61-5 | 5         | 80  | 40 | 57 | 6  | 6.5 | 0.33 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 61-6 | 6         | 90  | 48 | 64 | 6  | 6.5 | 0.50 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 61-7 | 7         | 102 | 51 | 76 | 7  | 6.5 | 0.44 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 61-8 | 8         | 114 | 59 | 89 | 8  | 6.5 | 0.67 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 61-9 | 9         | 127 | 63 | 95 | 10 | 10  | 1.08 |  |  |  |  |  |

# **Angle Base** Flange (45°-60°)

Similar to Type 62, but used to set up the upright at an angle between 45° to 60°. This fitting should only be subjected to light loads which cannot be positioned at 90° to the applied load. For greater loads or other tube sizes, a Type 62 flange is used and the upright bent to the required angle (refer to table on page 49). Ø indicates the diameter of the fixing hole.



| TYPF | Tube ref. |    | Kg  |     |     |    |    |      |
|------|-----------|----|-----|-----|-----|----|----|------|
| TIFE | А         |    |     |     |     |    |    | кy   |
| 63-6 | 6         | 76 | 127 | 92  | 95  | 8  | 14 | 0.91 |
| 63-7 | 7         | 76 | 138 | 95  | 106 | 10 | 14 | 1.17 |
| 63-8 | 8         | 89 | 155 | 100 | 115 | 10 | 14 | 1.53 |



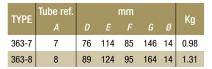
# 363 Angle Base Flange (11°-30°)



fixing hole.

| Similar to a type 63, it is used to   |
|---------------------------------------|
| set the upright at an angle between   |
| 11°–30°. This fitting should only be  |
| subjected to light loads which cannot |
| be positioned at 90° to the applied   |
| load. For greater loads or other tube |
| sizes a type 62 flange should be used |
| with the upright bent to the required |
| angle (refer to tables on page 49).   |
| Ø indicates the diameter of the       |
|                                       |





# 265 Offset Rail Wall Flange



Side fixing for guardrail and balustrades to walls, parapets, steps and ramps. Upright cannot drop through the socket. Designed for installations of rail that are offset from which it is being fixed. Ø indicates diameter of fixing hole.



|           | -G |
|-----------|----|
| [ ()<br>F | 5  |
|           |    |

66

| TYPE  | Tube ref. |    |    | mm  |    |    | Va   |
|-------|-----------|----|----|-----|----|----|------|
|       | Α         |    |    |     |    |    | кy   |
| 265-7 | 7         | 86 | 76 | 104 | 66 | 14 | 1.35 |
| 265-8 | 8         | 86 | 94 | 119 | 74 | 14 | 1.56 |

**Ground Socket** 

A ground socket fitting for setting in

permanent or removable as required.

concrete. The posts may either be

It incorporates a socket set screw

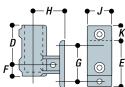
fixing and can be supplied with a

plug to fill the hole when the tube is

removed (refer to table on page 49).

# **Standard Vertical Railing Base**





Designed for fixing guardrail and balustrades to walls, parapets, steps and ramps. The upright cannot drop through the socket. Access to the top fixing hole is restricted by the position of the flange to the barrel. When selecting a hexagon head bolt or similar bolt fixing, the maximum length of the bolt (including the head) must not exceed 25mm (refer to table on page 49). Ø indicates the diameter of the fixing hole.

Note: Should an upright be required to pass through the fitting, the base can be bored out to order.

|   | 1            |   | 9   |
|---|--------------|---|-----|
| • | — <i>D</i> — | • |     |
| F | 1 1          |   |     |
|   |              |   | E G |
|   |              |   |     |

| TYPE | Tube ref. |      | m   | m   |     | Kq   |
|------|-----------|------|-----|-----|-----|------|
|      | Α         |      |     |     |     | кy   |
| 66-6 | 6         | 127  | 122 | 10  | 115 | 1.87 |
| 66-7 | 7         | 140  | 135 | 10  | 127 | 1.44 |
|      |           | 4.40 | 405 | 4.0 | 40- | 4.40 |

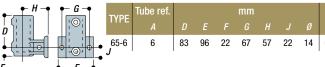
| TVDE | Tube ref. |    |     |    | m  |    |    |    |    | Va   |
|------|-----------|----|-----|----|----|----|----|----|----|------|
|      | Α         | D  |     |    |    |    |    |    |    | кy   |
| 64-6 |           | 86 | 95  | 22 | 67 | 57 | 45 | 39 | 14 | 0.77 |
| 64-7 | 7         |    |     |    |    |    |    |    |    | 1.12 |
| 64-8 | 8         | 89 | 121 | 32 | 89 | 70 | 58 | 28 | 14 | 1.54 |

# 65 Standard Horizontal **Railing Base**



This fitting is designed for palm fixing guardrailing and balustrading to walls, parapets, steps and ramps. The upright cannot drop through the socket (refer to table on page 49). Ø indicates the diameter of the fixing hole.

Note: Should an upright be required to pass through the fitting, the base can be bored out to order.







# **Angle Flange**

Type 67 has been designed to allow the upright to pivot in the barrel, providing an angular displacement from 3° up to a maximum of 11°, measured from the vertical. Ideal to secure balustrade and guardrail systems on access ramps or other types of slopes (refer to table on page 49). Ø indicates the diameter of the fixing hole.



Note: It is generally recommended that, when installing the 67-8, the fixing holes in the base should be in line with the applied load.



| TVDE | Tube ref. |    | Ka  |    |     |    |    |      |
|------|-----------|----|-----|----|-----|----|----|------|
|      | Α         | D  |     |    |     |    |    | кy   |
| 67-7 |           |    | 140 |    |     |    |    |      |
| 67-8 | 8         | 96 | 155 | 80 | 115 | 10 | 14 | 1.30 |



# **Wall Flange**

Side fixing for guardrailing and balustrading to walls, parapets, steps and ramps. The upright cannot drop through the socket (refer to table on page 49). Ø indicates the diameter of the fixing hole.

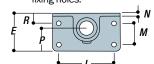
Note: If the upright is required to pass through the fitting by machining out the base stop, the bottom fixing hole will be unusable.



| TVDE | Tube ref. |    |    |    |    | mm |     |     |    |    | Va   |  |  |  |  |  |
|------|-----------|----|----|----|----|----|-----|-----|----|----|------|--|--|--|--|--|
| IIFE | A         |    |    |    |    |    |     | K   |    |    | Kg   |  |  |  |  |  |
| 68-6 | 6         | 63 |    |    |    |    |     |     |    |    | 0.62 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 68-7 | 7         | 72 | 55 | 83 | 83 | 28 | 108 | 109 | 25 | 11 | 0.80 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 68-8 | 8         | 78 | 60 | 89 | 86 | 31 | 111 | 116 | 25 | 11 | 0.87 |  |  |  |  |  |

# **Railing Flange with Toeboard Adaptor**

Designed for guardrail and balustrade applications with the added benefit of attaching a toeboard to the base. The base plate holes are sufficient diameter to allow for attachment with either a mechanical or chemical anchor. The side plates have slotted holes to allow for a degree of sideways movement for ease of installation. (See page 39 for Toeboard). Ø indicates the diameter of fixing holes.



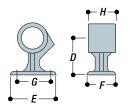
| TYPE | Tube<br>ref. |     |    |    | mm  |    |    |    |     |    |   |    |    |    | Kg   |  |
|------|--------------|-----|----|----|-----|----|----|----|-----|----|---|----|----|----|------|--|
|      |              | D   |    |    |     |    |    | K  |     | М  | N |    |    | Ø  |      |  |
| 69-6 | 6            | 130 | 75 | 89 | 95  | 58 | 15 | 10 | 100 | 35 | 7 | 45 | 25 | 11 | 1.62 |  |
| 69-7 | 7            | 145 | 80 | 90 | 97  | 58 | 20 | 10 | 115 | 40 | 7 | 47 | 25 | 11 | 1.87 |  |
| 69-8 | 8            | 160 | 90 | 90 | 112 | 58 | 20 | 10 | 130 | 50 | 7 | 54 | 25 | 11 | 2.30 |  |

# **Rail Support**

Designed to carry handrails along walls or to fix structures back to walls. The tube passes through the fitting and cannot be joined with the fitting. Type 70 is also used to attach toeboards to the base of guardrail uprights. Holes provided for countersunk flat head screw fixings only.



WARNING!: Type 70 fittings are not designed to be used as base flanges for full height guardrails Caution or handrails.

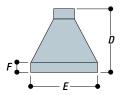


n

| TYPE |   | Tube ref. | mm |     |    |    |    |   | Ka   |
|------|---|-----------|----|-----|----|----|----|---|------|
| 1111 |   |           |    |     |    |    |    | Ø | кy   |
| 70-5 | 5 | 5         | 54 | 76  | 46 | 57 | 30 | 8 | 0.36 |
| 70-6 | 6 | 6         | 57 | 82  | 44 | 63 | 30 | 8 | 0.46 |
| 70-7 | 7 | 7         | 63 | 102 | 44 | 76 | 34 | 8 | 0.57 |
| 70-8 | 3 | 8         | 67 | 108 | 48 | 85 | 34 | 8 | 0.62 |

# Weather Cap

Designed for roof guardrailing to ensure a weathertight seal for base fixing flanges. The weather cap is secured to the upright by means of a combined sealant adhesive. A separate information sheet detailing fixing instructions is available on request.



| TYPE | Tube ref. |     | mm  |    | Va   |
|------|-----------|-----|-----|----|------|
| TIPE | А         | D   |     |    | Kg   |
| 71-6 | 6         | 125 | 143 | 25 | 0.24 |
| 71-7 | 7         | 150 | 154 | 25 | 0.32 |
| 71-8 | 8         | 155 | 167 | 25 | 0.36 |

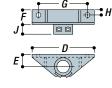
# **Stair Tread Support**



Suitable for most types of stair tread, including timber, open steel and checker plate. Fixing of the tread is by two bolt holes in each fitting. (Special order only.) Ø indicates the diameter of fixing holes.



WARNING!: If Type 72 fittings are to be used for a permanent application or subjected to high loads, the stair tread support tube which is located at its ends with a single set screw, should be drilled and pinned to avoid rotational slip.

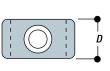


| TVDE | Tube ref.<br>A |     |    |    | mm  |    |    |    | Ka.  |
|------|----------------|-----|----|----|-----|----|----|----|------|
| HIFL | Α              | D   |    |    |     |    |    |    | Ny   |
| 72-8 | 8              | 203 | 39 | 51 | 153 | 20 | 33 | 12 | 1.25 |

# Collar



Commonly used to support another fitting if the latter is required to be left untightened, such as gate hinges. Type 75 is also useful when the loading on a structure exceeds the maximum permitted slip load for a socket set screw, as it provides additional support.

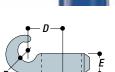


|  | TYPE | Tube ref.<br>A | mm<br>D | Kg   |
|--|------|----------------|---------|------|
|  | 75-4 | 4              | 22      | 0.05 |
|  | 75-5 | 5              | 25      | 0.09 |
|  | 75-6 | 6              | 26      | 0.13 |
|  | 75-7 | 7              | 25      | 0.15 |
|  | 75-8 | 8              | 25      | 0.19 |



# Hook

A fitting normally used for attachment of chains.

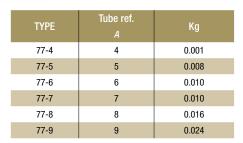


| TYPE | Tube ref. |    | mm |    | Va   |
|------|-----------|----|----|----|------|
| HIFL | А         | D  |    |    | Kg   |
| 76-5 | 5         | 28 | 25 | 28 | 0.17 |
| 76-6 | 6         | 35 | 25 | 13 | 0.21 |
| 76-7 | 7         | 40 | 25 | 40 | 0.23 |
| 76-8 | 8         | 41 | 25 | 13 | 0.24 |



# **Plastic Plug**

A grey plastic plug to fit open ended tubes. See also Type 84. Suitable for medium and heavy tubing only.



**Eye Fitting** 

diameter of pivot hole.

Used in conjunction with Type 83

fitting for gate hinges. Ø indicates



# **Sheeting Clip**

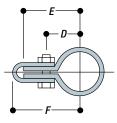
This fitting is used to attach profiled sheeting material to tube. The fitting is supplied with the following hardware: one M6 x 50mm roofing bolt, on M6 square nut, and one M6 lock washer. BZP finish. Ø indicates diameter of bolt hole.

| F                                     | TVDE   | Tube ref. |    |    | mm |    |    | Ka   |  |
|---------------------------------------|--------|-----------|----|----|----|----|----|------|--|
| ♥ 🕆 🖠                                 | ITFE A | D         |    |    | G  |    | Ny |      |  |
| $D \longrightarrow E \longrightarrow$ | 79-7   | 7         | 46 | 34 | 8  | 21 | 8  | 0.08 |  |



# **Single Sided Clip**

For attaching wire mesh infill. For economy, it is possible to use Type 81 clips without the safety attachment to secure various types of infill panels (plyboard, perspex, etc.) up to a thickness of 10mm. All clips are supplied with hexagonal head fixing bolts, M6 x 35mm long and nut. The primary clip has a slot measuring 8 x 15mm. Ø indicates diameter of the safety attachment bolt hole.



Note: For D and E dimensions the figures are given for the respective minimum and maximum dimensions allowed by the slotted hole.

| TYPE | Tube ref. |    | m     | Kg |     |      |
|------|-----------|----|-------|----|-----|------|
| HIFL | Α         |    | D E F |    | Ø   | кy   |
| 81-5 | 5         | 24 | 39    | 56 | 7.5 | 0.07 |
| 81-6 | 6         | 27 | 42    | 59 | 7.5 | 0.08 |
| 81-7 | 7         | 32 | 47    | 64 | 7.5 | 0.08 |
| 81-8 | 8         | 34 | 49    | 66 | 7.5 | 0.09 |
| 81-9 | 9         | 40 | 55    | 72 | 7.5 | 0.10 |

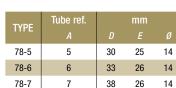


# **82** Double Sided Clip

For attaching wire mesh infill. For economy it is possible to use Type 82 clips without the safety attachment, to secure various types of infill panels (plyboard, perspex, etc.) up to a thickness of 10mm. All clips are supplied with hexagonal head fixing bolts, M6 x 35mm long, and nut. The primary clip has a slot measuring 8mm x 15mm.

Ø indicates diameter of the safety attachment bolt hole.



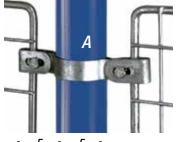


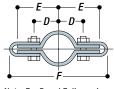
8

41

26

14





| Note: For D and E dimensions |
|------------------------------|
| the figures are given for    |
| the respective minimum       |
| and maximum dimensions       |
| allowed by the slotted hole. |

0.21

0.25

0.26

0.28

| Tube ref. |   |    | mm |     |   |      |  |
|-----------|---|----|----|-----|---|------|--|
| ITPE      | Α |    |    |     |   | Kg   |  |
| 82-5      | 5 | 24 | 39 | 112 | 7 | 0.11 |  |
| 82-6      | 6 | 27 | 42 | 118 | 7 | 0.12 |  |
| 82-7      | 7 | 32 | 47 | 128 | 7 | 0.13 |  |
| 82-8      | 8 | 34 | 49 | 132 | 7 | 0.14 |  |
| 82-9      | 9 | 40 | 55 | 144 | 7 | 0.14 |  |

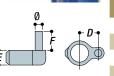
78-8



**Pin Fitting** 

This fitting is used in conjunction with Type 78 for gate hinges.



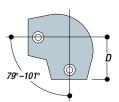


| TYPE | Tube ref. |    | m  | Va |    |      |
|------|-----------|----|----|----|----|------|
| ITPE | A         |    |    |    |    | Kg   |
| 83-5 | 5         | 30 | 26 | 38 | 13 | 0.20 |
| 83-6 | 6         | 33 | 25 | 38 | 13 | 0.25 |
| 83-7 | 7         | 38 | 25 | 38 | 13 | 0.29 |
| 00.0 | _         | 44 | 00 | 00 | 10 | 0.00 |



Angle Elbow (0°-11°)

Used to join the top rail to an end upright on a guardrail on a slope from 0° to 11°. Tube cannot be joined within this fitting.



| TYPE | Tube ref.<br><i>A</i> | mm<br>D | Kg   |
|------|-----------------------|---------|------|
| 87-7 | 7                     | 60      | 0.70 |
| 87-8 | 8                     | 68      | 0.90 |
|      |                       | **      | 0.00 |

# **Malleable Plug**

A metal drive-in plug which is difficult to remove when installed. For an alternative in plastic, see Type 77.

Note: This fitting can only be used with EN 10255 (ISO 65) medium weight tubing.



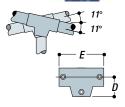


|  | TYPE | Tube ref.<br><i>A</i> | Kg   |
|--|------|-----------------------|------|
|  | 84-5 | 5                     | 0.05 |
|  | 84-6 | 6                     | 0.10 |
|  | 84-7 | 7                     | 0.12 |
|  | 84-8 | 8                     | 0.17 |
|  | 84-9 | 9                     | 0.29 |



# **Three Socket Angle** Tee (0°-11°)

Used to join the top rail to an intermediate upright on a guardrail on a slope from 0° to 11°. As there are two socket set screws in the sleeve, this fitting can be used to join two ends of rail.



| TYPE | Tube ref. | m  | ım  | Va   |
|------|-----------|----|-----|------|
| ITFE |           |    |     | Kg   |
| 88-7 | 7         | 60 | 144 | 1.02 |
| 88-8 | 8         | 68 | 158 | 1.24 |
|      |           |    |     |      |

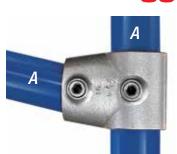
# The Slope Range (86–89)

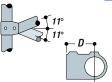
The slope range of fittings consists of fitting Types 86, 87, 88, 89. These fittings are designed to facilitate in-line railings with vertical posts on slopes with angles between 0° and 11°. They can be used to construct railings on access ramps for people with disabilities when used in conjunction with the KEE LITE Type L160 fitting.



# **86** Angle Tee (0°–**11**°)

Used to join the middle rail to an upright on a guardrail on a slope from 0° to 11°. Tube cannot be joined within this fitting.

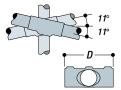




| Tube ref.<br>A | mm<br>D | Kg       |
|----------------|---------|----------|
| 7              | 60      | 0.55     |
| 8              | 68      | 0.63     |
|                |         | A D 7 60 |

# **Two Socket Angle** Cross (0°-11°)

Used to join the middle rail to an intermediate upright on a guardrail on a slope from 0° to 11°. The upright passes through the fitting.



| TYPE  | Tube ref. |   | Tube ref. mm |      | Va |
|-------|-----------|---|--------------|------|----|
| TIPE  |           |   |              | Kg   |    |
| 89-7  | 7         | 7 | 144          | 0.70 |    |
| 89-8  | 8         | 8 | 158          | 0.85 |    |
| 89-87 | 8         | 7 | 155          | 0.76 |    |

# The PGR Range (90-95)

These are known as Pedestrian Guardrail (PGR) fittings and are used as an alternative to Types 10, 15, 25 and 26 when the site is not straight and level. There is sufficient play within the fitting to negotiate a slope up to 7 degrees or a radius greater than 6 metres, when the uprights are 2 metre centres, using straight tube. They also allow damaged rails to be removed without dismantling the adjacent structure. The 90 to 95 range of fittings is available in size 8.





### **PGR Three Socket Tee**

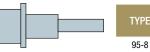
Type 90 is used to join the top rail to an intermediate upright.



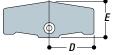
# **PGR Internal Spigot**

Internal spigot designed to prevent sagging of bends when using the 90 to 95 range of fittings.

| TYPE | Tube ref.<br>A |
|------|----------------|
| 95-8 | 8              |



| TYPE | Tube ref.<br><i>A</i> | Kg   |
|------|-----------------------|------|
| 95-8 | 8                     | 0.46 |

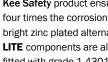


|      | TYPE | Tube ref. | m  | Ka |      |  |
|------|------|-----------|----|----|------|--|
| 1117 | Α    | D         |    | Ny |      |  |
|      | 90-8 | 8         | 99 | 88 | 1.56 |  |



### **Set Screws**

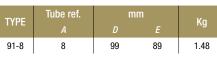
Socket set screws are supplied and inserted in all Kee Safety fittings as standard, the case hardened set screws that are fitted to KEE KLAMP and KEE ACCESS components are coated with KEE KOAT. This unique Kee Safety product ensures at least four times the corrosion resistance of bright zinc plated alternatives. **KEE** LITE components are all supplied and fitted with grade 1.4301 Stainless



Steel set screws.



| an intermediate upright. |  |
|--------------------------|--|
|                          |  |
|                          |  |

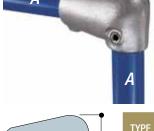


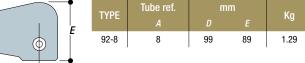
| TYPE     | To su | it tube | sizes | Size         | Finish                       |
|----------|-------|---------|-------|--------------|------------------------------|
| 97-3     | 3     |         |       | 5/16" BSF    | BZP                          |
| 97-4     | 4     |         |       | 3/8" BSF     | BZP                          |
| 97-56    | 5     | 6       |       | ISO 228 1/4" | KEE KOAT                     |
| 97-789   | 7     | 8       | 9     | ISO 228 3/8" | KEE KOAT                     |
| 97-56050 | 5     | 6       |       | ISO 228 1/4" | Grade 1.4301 Stainless Steel |
| 97-78950 | 7     | 8       | 9     | ISO 228 3/8" | Grade 1 4301 Stainless Steel |



# **PGR Elbow**

Type 92 is used to join the top rail to an end post.







# **Hex Key**

Simple hex key. A/F refers to the dimension across the flats.

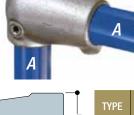
| TYPE   | To sui                | t tube                      |
|--------|-----------------------|-----------------------------|
| 99-3   | 3                     |                             |
| 99-4   | 4                     |                             |
| 99-56  | 5                     | 6                           |
| 99-789 | 7                     | 8                           |
|        | 99-3<br>99-4<br>99-56 | 99-3 3<br>99-4 4<br>99-56 5 |

| TYPE   | To sui | it tube | sizes | A/F   |
|--------|--------|---------|-------|-------|
| 99-3   | 3      |         |       | 5/32" |
| 99-4   | 4      |         |       | 3/16" |
| 99-56  | 5      | 6       |       | 1/4"  |
| 99-789 | 7      | 8       | 9     | 5/16" |



# **PGR Tee**

Type 93 is used to join the mid-rail to an end post.

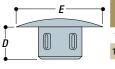


| Ī | TYPE  | Tube ref. | Tube ref. mm |    |      |  |
|---|-------|-----------|--------------|----|------|--|
| F | 11112 |           |              | Ε  | Kg   |  |
| Ī | 93-8  | 8         | 99           | 89 | 1.20 |  |
| 1 |       |           |              |    |      |  |



# **Plastic Set Screw Cap**

Grey plastic set screw caps provide the perfect finishing touch to galvanised KEE KLAMP fittings. Secure push-in-fit application.



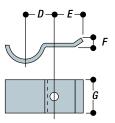
| TYPE    | To suit |    | m   |   |    |                                       |
|---------|---------|----|-----|---|----|---------------------------------------|
| TIPE    | tube    | si | zes |   |    |                                       |
| 100-56  | 5       | 6  |     | 6 | 16 | To fit 97-5 and 97-6 set screws       |
| 100-789 | 7       | 8  | 9   | 6 | 16 | To fit 97-7, 97-8 and 97-9 set screws |



# 105 Sheeting Clip without **Hardware**

This clip is used to attach profiled or flat sheeting. It is supplied with fixings. Ø indicates diameter of bolt hole.

Note: For use where fixing required is positional only. Clip is not intended to bear substantial load.



| Tube ref. |         |                    | mm                            |  |   | Ka  |
|-----------|---------|--------------------|-------------------------------|--|---|---|
| Α         |         |                    |                               |  |   | Kg<br>0.14  |
| 6         | 32      | 38                 | 13                            | 50   | 9   | 0.14  |
| 7         | 38      | 40                 | 13                            | 50   | 9   | 0.16  |
| 8         | 40      | 40                 | 13                            | 50   | 9   | 0.18  |
| 9         | 48      | 40                 | 13                            | 50   | 9   | 0.23  |
|           | A 6 7 8 | A D 6 32 7 38 8 40 | A D E 6 32 38 7 38 40 8 40 40 | A         D         E         F           6         32         38         13           7         38         40         13           8         40         40         13 | A         D         E         F         G           6         32         38         13         50           7         38         40         13         50           8         40         40         13         50 | A D E F G Ø 6 32 38 13 50 9 7 38 40 13 50 9 8 40 40 13 50 9 |

# S115 Packer Plate for **Type 115**

Type S115 allows the Type 115 fitting to be positioned in channels, slots and other offset areas. Ø indicates diameter of fixing holes.



| TVDE |     |    | mm |     |    | Ka   |
|------|-----|----|----|-----|----|------|
| TYPE | D   |    |    |     |    | Kg   |
| S115 | 150 | 65 | 12 | 100 | 14 | 0.87 |

# **Swivel Tee**

An internal swivel fitting, designed to accommodate varying angles on handrailing to staircases, ramps or bracing. Used in conjunction with Types 10, 15, 25 or 45.



| •<br>• |
|--------|
|        |
|        |

| TYPE  | Tube ref. |    | mm |    | Kg   |  |
|-------|-----------|----|----|----|------|--|
| ITPE  | А         |    |    |    |      |  |
| 114-6 | 6         | 23 | 33 | 29 | 0.36 |  |
| 114-7 | 7         | 27 | 42 | 36 | 0.47 |  |
| 114-8 | 8         | 30 | 49 | 41 | 0.58 |  |

# 118 Cover Flange

This fitting slips over uprights to finish below ground post installations. The fitting is secured to the upright tube with a single recessed set screw.

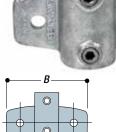


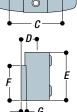
| TYPE  | Tube ref. | m<br>D | m<br><i>E</i> | Kg   |
|-------|-----------|--------|---------------|------|
| 118-8 | 8         | 100    | 15            | 0.40 |



# **Horizontal Railing Base**

Type 115 is designed for palm fixing of guardrail and balustrades to walls, parapets, steps and ramps. The upright cannot drop through the socket. Packer plates, Type S115, are available to allow the fitting to be positioned in channels, slots and other offset areas. Ø indicates diameter of fixing hole.



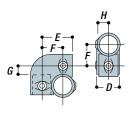


| TYPE  | Tube ref. |     |     |    | Ka |    |    |    |      |  |
|-------|-----------|-----|-----|----|----|----|----|----|------|--|
| HIFL  |           |     | С   |    |    |    |    |    | Kg   |  |
| 115-6 | 6         | 150 | 100 | 30 | 90 | 65 | 10 | 14 | 1.08 |  |
| 115-7 |           |     |     |    |    |    |    |    |      |  |
| 115-8 | 8         | 150 | 100 | 41 | 90 | 65 | 13 | 14 | 1.42 |  |

# **Corner Crossover**

This fitting is designed to provide a 90° offset corner joint. When calculating the cutting lengths for tubing, dimension 'G' should be subtracted to give the tube length for the rails and dimension 'H' should be added to give the tube length for the upright.

Note: To obtain the true height of the upright the allowance for the base fittings must be

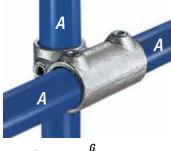


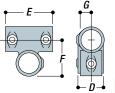
| TYPE  | Tube ref. |    |    | mm |    |    | Va   |
|-------|-----------|----|----|----|----|----|------|
| ITFE  | Α         |    |    |    |    |    | r.y  |
| 121-7 | 7         | 55 | 72 | 49 | 22 | 28 | 0.92 |
|       |           |    |    |    |    |    |      |



## **Crossover Coupling**

Designed to give a 90° offset crossover. As there are two socket set screws in the sleeve, this **KEE** KLAMP fitting can be used where a join is required in the horizontal tube. For economy, it is possible to use a Type 45 in place of the 145, using the 145 only where a join in the tube occurs. When calculating the cutting lengths for tube, dimension 'G' should be added to give the tube





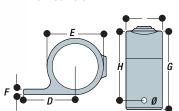
Note: To obtain the true height of the upright the allowance for the base fittings must be included.

length for the upright.

| TYPE  | Tube ref. |    |    | mm |    |    | Ka   |
|-------|-----------|----|----|----|----|----|------|
| IIFE  | Α         |    |    |    |    |    | кy   |
| 145-7 | 7         | 55 | 72 | 49 | 22 | 28 | 0.92 |

# 199 Single Sided **Fixing Bracket**

The Type 199 is used as an attachment point for flat sheets or boards and comes supplied with a drilled hole.



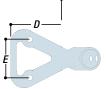
| _ |
|---|
| D |
| Ė |
|   |

# The Slope Range (320-427)

This slope range of fittings is designed specifically for use on steeper gradients and consists of fitting Types 320, 321, 325, 326, 427. These fittings are designed to facilitate in-line railings with vertical posts where the slope is greater than 30°.

# **Parapet Flange**

A component designed to retrofit onto roof parapets that are at an unsafe height. Upright tube is angled 25 degrees from the vertical so that the building's visage is unaffected by the installed Guardrailing. Two holes are located in the top mounting bracket for fixing directly into the parapet. The two set screws in the vertical socket give greater side-load stability to the angled upright. Engineered weep hole allows water to drain. Ø indicates diameter of fixing hole.



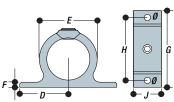
| TVDE  | Tube ref. |     | mm  |    | Ka   |
|-------|-----------|-----|-----|----|------|
| TYPE  | Α         |     |     |    | кy   |
| 316-7 | 7         | 170 | 100 | 14 | 1.88 |
| 316-8 | 8         | 170 | 100 | 14 | 2.05 |

### Tube ref. TYPE 199-6 60.5 8.5 0.27 6 45 73 25 5 199-7 53 80.5 53 40 0.36 6 199-8 86.5 56 40 0.36

# **Double Sided Fixing Bracket**



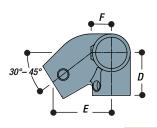
The Type 200 is used as an attachment point for flat sheets or boards and comes supplied with a drilled hole.



| TYPE  | Tube ref. |    |      |   | m   | m  |    |      | Va   |
|-------|-----------|----|------|---|-----|----|----|------|------|
| TIPE  | Α         | D  | E    |   |     |    |    |      | Kg   |
| 200-6 | 6         | 45 | 45   | 5 | 90  | 70 | 25 | 6.5  | 0.18 |
| 200-7 | 7         | 53 | 55   | 6 | 106 | 86 | 40 | 11.5 | 0.38 |
| 200-8 | 8         | 56 | 66.7 | 6 | 112 | 92 | 40 | 11.5 | 0.59 |

# 320LH Left hand level to **Sloping Down Side Outlet Elbow** (30° -45°)

Left Hand Side Outlet Elbow fitting designed for the top rail on guardrail on slopes and staircases between 30° and 45° at the junction where the handrail changes from level to sloping down the stairs



| TYPE    | Tube ref. |    | mm |    | Ka   |
|---------|-----------|----|----|----|------|
| TIPE    | Α         |    |    |    | r.y  |
| 320LH-7 | 7         | 60 | 86 | 29 | 1.08 |
| 320LH-8 | 8         | 68 | 93 | 32 | 1.28 |



# 320RH

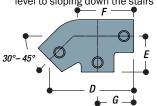
# Right hand level to **Sloping Down Side Outlet Elbow** $(30^{\circ} - 45^{\circ})$

Right Hand Side Outlet Elbow fitting designed for the top rail on guardrail on slopes and staircases between 30° and 45° at the junction where the handrail changes from level to sloping down the stairs

| TYPE    | Tube ref. |    | Ka |    |      |
|---------|-----------|----|----|----|------|
| ITPE    | А         | D  |    |    | кy   |
| 320RH-7 | 7         | 60 | 86 | 29 | 1.08 |
| 320RH-8 | 8         | 68 | 93 | 32 | 1.28 |

# 25 Level to Sloping Down Tee (30° -45°)

Tee fitting designed for the top rail on guardrail on slopes and staircases between 30° and 45° at the junction where the handrail changes from level to sloping down the stairs

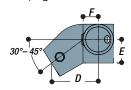


|   | TYPE  | Tube ref. |     | m  | m   |    | Va   |
|---|-------|-----------|-----|----|-----|----|------|
| ı | TTPE  | А         |     |    |     |    | Ny   |
|   | 325-7 | 7         | 142 | 60 | 89  | 60 | 1.02 |
|   | 325-8 | 8         | 154 | 68 | 100 | 68 | 1.12 |



# 321LH Left hand level to **Sloping Down Side** Outlet Tee (30° -45°)

Left Hand Side Outlet Tee fitting designed for the mid rail on guardrail on slopes and staircases between  $30\,^{\circ}$  and  $45\,^{\circ}$  at the junction where the handrail changes from level to sloping down the stairs

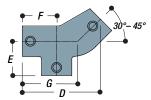


| TYPE    | Tube ref. |    | Kg |    |      |
|---------|-----------|----|----|----|------|
| TIPE    | Α         | D  |    |    | кy   |
| 321LH-7 | 7         | 86 | 27 | 29 | 0.96 |
| 321LH-8 | 8         | 92 | 30 | 32 | 1.12 |



# 325A Level to Sloping Up Tee $(30^{\circ} - 45^{\circ})$

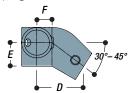
Tee fitting designed for the top rail on guardrail on slopes and staircases between 30° and 45° at the junction where the handrail changes from level to sloping up the stairs



|  | TYPE   | Tube ref. |     | Ka |    |     |      |
|--|--------|-----------|-----|----|----|-----|------|
|  | IIIE   | А         |     |    |    |     | Ny   |
|  | 325A-7 | 7         | 142 | 60 | 60 | 89  | 1.02 |
|  | 325A-8 | 8         | 155 | 68 | 68 | 100 | 1.12 |

# 321RH Right hand level to **Sloping Down Side** Outlet Tee (30°-45°)

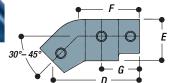
Right Hand Side Outlet Tee fitting designed for the mid rail on guardrail on slopes and stair-cases between 30° and 45° at the junction where the handrail changes from level to slop-ing down the stairs



| TYPE    | Tube ref. |    |    | V a |      |
|---------|-----------|----|----|-----|------|
| ITPE    | Α         | D  |    |     | кy   |
| 321RH-7 | 7         | 86 | 27 | 29  | 0.96 |
| 321RH-8 | 8         | 92 | 30 | 32  | 1.12 |

# 326 Level to Sloping Down or Up Cross (30° -45°)

Cross fitting designed for the mid rail on guardrail on slopes and staircases between 30° and 45° at the junction where the handrail changes from either level to sloping down or level to sloping up the stairs

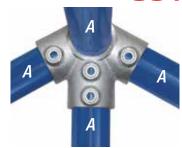


| TYPE  | Tube ref. |     | mm |     |    |      |  |  |
|-------|-----------|-----|----|-----|----|------|--|--|
| TIPE  | Α         |     |    |     |    | , ky |  |  |
| 326-7 | 7         | 142 | 68 | 89  | 60 | 0.82 |  |  |
| 326-8 | 8         | 154 | 74 | 100 | 68 | 0.95 |  |  |

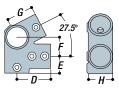


# 350 Eaves Fitting

The Type 350 fitting has been designed for small structural building applications and provides for significant load rating. When used with the Type 351 ridge fitting a truss arrangement for additional support can be achieved. Double set screws are provided on the truss outlet to provide additional pull out resistance to hold structures firmly together.



Ridge Fitting
Designed for small structural building applications and provides for significant load rating. When used with the Type 350 eaves fitting a truss arrangement for additional support can be achieved. Double set screws are provided on the downward truss outlet to provide additional pull out resistance and extra strength to the structure.

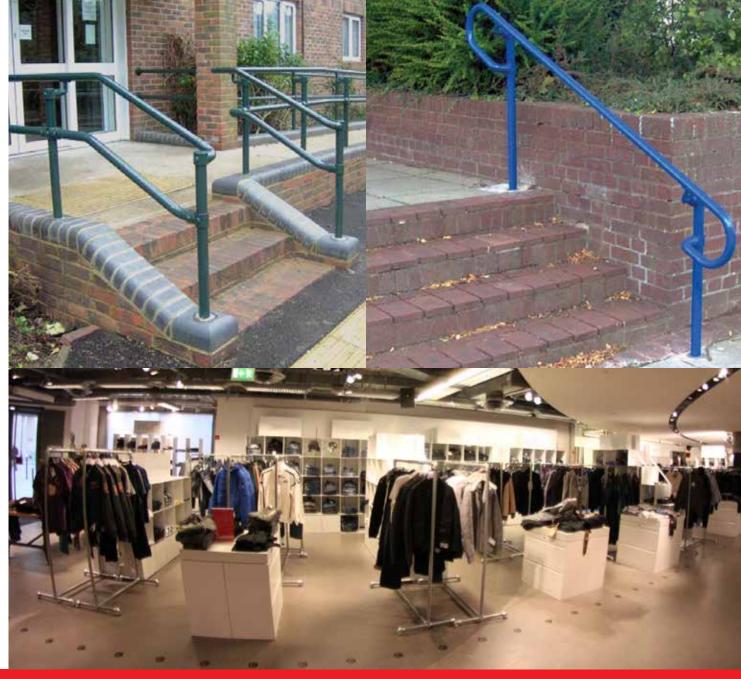


| TVDE  | Tube ref. |    |    | mm |    |    | Va   |
|-------|-----------|----|----|----|----|----|------|
| TIPE  | А         |    |    |    |    |    | ny . |
| 350-8 | 8         | 83 | 42 | 47 | 67 | 60 | 1.24 |



| E |
|---|

| TYPE  | Tube ref. |    | mm |    | Va   |
|-------|-----------|----|----|----|------|
| TIPE  | A         | D  |    |    | , ky |
| 351-8 | 8         | 89 | 67 | 60 | 0.92 |





# **Aluminium Safety Components**

**KEE LITE** components are made from a high grade Aluminium Silicon Magnesium Alloy. The components are strong yet light, and extremely durable – even in harsh environments. They are only one-third the weight of iron fittings, with about 75% of comparable tensile strength. **KEE LITE** fittings are designed to suit BS EN755 tube.

**KEE LITE** components offer flexibility and can be used in a variety of applications, from contemporary to industrial: your imagination is the only limitation.

Because **KEE LITE** can be easily installed with a hex tool and tube cutters, there is no need for welding or specialist installation skills, saving you both time and money. **KEE LITE** is securely locked into place using recessed set screws that provide a sleek and smooth look to your railing system.

**KEE LITE** components are available for tube sizes 25, 32, 40 and 50 N.B.

# **Fittings by Function**

## Couplings

L14.....Straight

### **Crosses**

L26.......30°-45° Adjustable L35......Three Socket

### **Crossovers**

L45.....Crossover
L46.....Combination Socket Tee

### **Elbows**

L15......90° L20......Side Outlet LB54.....Adjustable

# **Flanges**

LC58......Swivel
LM58.....Male Wall Plate
L61......Round
L62......Standard Railing
L68.....Wall
L69.....Railing Flange with
Toeboard Adaptor
L148....Heavy Duty Rectangular
L150...Heavy Duty Four Hole
Square
L152.....Four Hole Square

### **Brackets**

L164.....Offset Wall

L70.....Rail Support
L160.....Smooth Handrail Fitting
475......Aluminium Wall Bracket

# **Plugs**

77 .....Plastic

### **Combination Swivels**

LC50......Single Combination
LF50......Female Single
LM50.....Male Single
LC51.....Double Combination
LM51.....Male Double
LC52.....Corner Combination
LM52.....Male Corner

### **Tees**

L10 ......Single Socket
L19 ......Adjustable Side Outlet
L21 ......90 ° Side Outlet
L25 ......Three Socket
L29 ......30 ° -60 ° Single Socket
L46 ......Combination Socket Tee
and Crossover
L114 ......Swivel

### **Toeboard Kits**

TBI .....Toeboard

# **Miscellaneous**

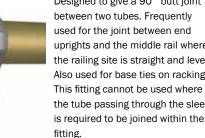
L69.....Railing Flange with
Toeboard Adaptor
Gaskets...Neoprene Flange Gaskets

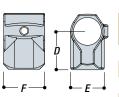




# Single Socket Tee

Designed to give a 90° butt joint between two tubes. Frequently used for the joint between end uprights and the middle rail where the railing site is straight and level. Also used for base ties on racking. This fitting cannot be used where the tube passing through the sleeve



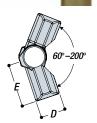


| TYPE  | Tube ref. |    | mm |    | Va   |
|-------|-----------|----|----|----|------|
| TIPE  | A         |    |    |    | Kg   |
| L10-6 | 6         | 52 | 42 | 56 | 0.13 |
| L10-7 | 7         | 65 | 53 | 64 | 0.20 |
| L10-8 | 8         | 74 | 60 | 70 | 0.30 |
| L10-9 | 9         | 90 | 74 | 82 | 0.48 |

# **L19** Adjustable Side Outlet Tee (60° -200°)

Used to form variable angle joints between 60° and 200°. Not designed to absorb bending loads at barrier intersection.

Note: Type L19 fittings are bagged in pairs and are weighed, priced, and sold as such. Weight below refers to pairs.



| TYPE  | Tube ref. | m  | Va |      |
|-------|-----------|----|----|------|
| IIFE  | А         |    |    | Kg   |
| L19-6 | 6         | 42 | 75 | 0.36 |
| L19-7 | 7         | 53 | 90 | 0.58 |
| L19-8 | 8         | 60 | 90 | 0.66 |
|       |           |    |    |      |

# L14 Straight Coupling



Designed to give an in-line joint between tubes of the same size. Frequently used to enable full tube lengths to be used in railing applications.

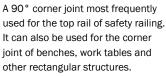
Note: It is not advisable to join the upper and lower rails of a railing within the same bay.

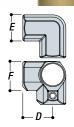


| TYPE  | Tube ref. |    | mm  |    | Va   |
|-------|-----------|----|-----|----|------|
| ITFE  | Α         |    |     |    | Kg   |
| L14-6 | 6         | 50 | 100 | 42 | 0.18 |
| L14-7 | 7         | 59 | 130 | 53 | 0.24 |
| L14-8 | 8         | 65 | 148 | 60 | 0.36 |

# **L20**

# **Side Outlet Elbow** (90°)

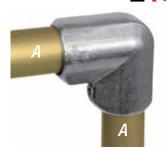


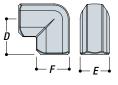


| TYPE  | Tube ref. |    | mm | Kg |      |
|-------|-----------|----|----|----|------|
| ITFE  | А         | D  |    |    | кy   |
| L20-6 | 6         | 52 | 42 | 50 | 0.19 |
| L20-7 | 7         | 65 | 53 | 59 | 0.35 |
| L20-8 | 8         | 74 | 60 | 65 | 0.50 |
|       | '         | •  |    |    |      |

# Elbow (90°)

A 90° elbow joint, most frequently used as an end joint for the top rail of safety railing on a level site.

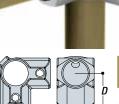




| TYPE  | Tube ref. |    | mm | Va |      |
|-------|-----------|----|----|----|------|
| ITPE  | А         |    |    |    | Kg   |
| L15-6 | 6         | 52 | 42 | 56 | 0.14 |
| L15-7 | 7         | 65 | 53 | 59 | 0.28 |
| L15-8 | 8         | 74 | 60 | 65 | 0.40 |
| L15-9 | 9         | 90 | 74 | 78 | 0.66 |

# Side Outlet Tee (90°)

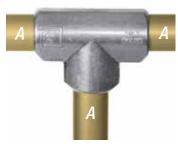
Most frequently paired with type L20 to give a 90° corner joint for the middle rail of safety railing and other rectangular structures. The upright passes through the fitting.



| TYPE  | Tube ref. |    | mm | Va |      |
|-------|-----------|----|----|----|------|
| TIPE  | А         | D  |    |    | Kg   |
| L21-6 | 6         | 52 | 42 | 56 | 0.16 |
| L21-7 | 7         | 65 | 53 | 64 | 0.30 |
| L21-8 | 8         | 74 | 60 | 70 | 0.43 |

# **Three Socket Tee**

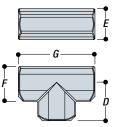
L30 Adjustable Cross (30°-45°)



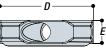
Commonly used as the 90° joint between the top rail and an intermediate upright on safety railing. As there are two socket set screws in the sleeve, this fitting can be used where a join is required in the horizontal tube. The Type L10 fitting can be used as an alternative when a join in the tube is not required.



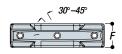
This adjustable fitting can be used for railing on staircases between the mid-rail and intermediate upright which is required to remain vertical. It can be used at any selected angle between 30° and 45°.



| TYPE  | Tube ref. |    | m  | Kg |     |      |
|-------|-----------|----|----|----|-----|------|
| TIPE  | Α         |    |    |    |     | , ky |
| L25-6 | 6         | 52 | 42 | 50 | 104 | 0.21 |
| L25-7 | 7         | 65 | 53 | 59 | 130 | 0.35 |
| L25-8 | 8         | 74 | 60 | 65 | 148 | 0.51 |
| L25-9 | 9         | 90 | 74 | 78 | 180 | 0.93 |

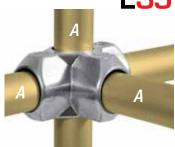


| Tube ref. |   |     | V a |    |      |
|-----------|---|-----|-----|----|------|
| ITPE      |   |     |     |    | Kg   |
| L30-7     | 7 | 215 | 53  | 54 | 0.52 |
| L30-8     | 8 | 245 | 59  | 60 | 0.83 |



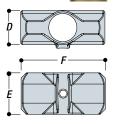
# **Two Socket Cross**

Usually paired with Type L25 to give a 90° joint between the middle rail and an intermediate upright on safety railing. The upright passes through the fitting.

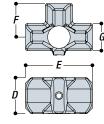


## **Three Socket Cross**

Most frequently used to tie uprights with horizontal tube in three directions, all 90° to the upright. The upright passes through the fitting.



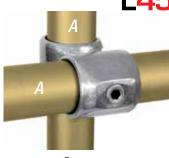
| TYPE   Tube ref. |   |    | mm | Va  |      |  |
|------------------|---|----|----|-----|------|--|
| ITPE             | А |    |    | F   | Kg   |  |
| L26-6            | 6 | 42 | 56 | 104 | 0.17 |  |
| L26-7            | 7 | 53 | 64 | 130 | 0.28 |  |
| L26-8            | 8 | 60 | 70 | 148 | 0.45 |  |
| L26-9            | 9 | 74 | 82 | 180 | 0.66 |  |
|                  |   |    |    |     |      |  |



| TYPF  | Tube ref. |    | mm |     |    |      |  |
|-------|-----------|----|----|-----|----|------|--|
| TYPE  | Α         |    |    |     |    | ĸy   |  |
| L35-6 | 6         | 43 | 56 | 104 | 52 | 0.31 |  |

# **L29** Single Socket Tee (30°-60°)

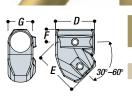
This adjustable fitting is most frequently used for struts and braces. It can be used at any selected angle between 30° and 60°. Suitable for connecting an angled staircase rail to a vertical upright.



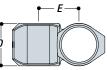
# L45 Crossover

Designed to give a 90° offset crossover joint. Frequently used on safety railing utilising a continuous horizontal rail, minimising tube cuts to reduce costs. Type L45 may also be used to allow intermediate levels on racks.

Note: Tube cannot be joined with this fitting.



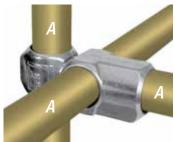
| TYPE  | Tube ref. |       | m   | Ka |    |      |
|-------|-----------|-------|-----|----|----|------|
| TIFE  | Α         | D E F |     |    |    | кy   |
| L29-7 | 7         | 82    | 95  | 27 | 53 | 0.32 |
| L29-8 | 8         | 93    | 108 | 30 | 59 | 0.41 |



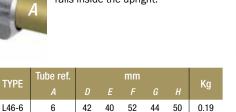
| TYPE  | Tube ref. | mm |    | Kg   |
|-------|-----------|----|----|------|
| HIFE  | Α         |    |    | кy   |
| L45-6 | 6         | 44 | 40 | 0.12 |
| L45-7 | 7         | 54 | 50 | 0.21 |
| L45-8 | 8         | 61 | 56 | 0.35 |



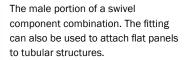
# L46 Combination Socket **Tee and Crossover**

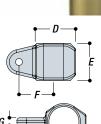


Used on racking to join horizontal carrying rails to the upright, leaving the socket to take a horizontal tube outside the upright. On pallet racking, it is preferable to have the carrying rails inside the upright.



# LM50 Male Single Swivel **Socket Member**





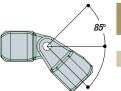
| TYPE   | Tube ref. |    | mm |    |    |    |      |
|--------|-----------|----|----|----|----|----|------|
| TIPE   | Α         |    |    |    |    |    | Kg   |
| LM50-6 | 6         | 50 | 44 | 47 | 11 | 10 | 0.12 |
| LM50-7 | 7         | 59 | 51 | 50 | 11 | 10 | 0.15 |
| LM50-8 | 8         | 65 | 60 | 55 | 11 | 10 | 0.20 |

# **Single Swivel Socket**

A complete combination swivel fitting, variable through 170°.



Note: Swivel fittings are not designed to resist bending loads. A structure should Caution not be designed entirely of swivel fittings as they will not provide sufficient stability for the structure.



| TYPE    | DE TUDETOI. |   | Ka   |
|---------|-------------|---|------|
| III     | Α           |   | Kg   |
| LC50-66 | 6           | 6 | 0.21 |
| LC50-77 | 7           | 7 | 0.44 |
| LC50-88 | 8           | 8 | 0.53 |
|         |             |   |      |

# **LC51**

# **Double Swivel Socket**

Complete combination fitting. Reducing combinations of Type LC51 are available in sizes 6. 7 and 8.



| TYPE     |   | Tube ref | Kg |      |
|----------|---|----------|----|------|
| TIFE     | А |          | С  | Кý   |
| LC51-666 | 6 | 6        | 6  | 0.48 |
| LC51-777 | 7 | 7        | 7  | 0.69 |
| LC51-888 | 8 | 8        | 8  | 0.77 |
|          | ' |          |    |      |

# LF50 Female Singe Swivel **Socket Member**

The female part of a swivel component combination.



| F                            | G   |
|------------------------------|-----|
| $\downarrow$ $D \rightarrow$ | F F |

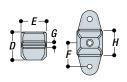
| TYPE   | Tube ref. |    | Ka |    |    |      |
|--------|-----------|----|----|----|----|------|
| IIIFE  | Α         |    |    |    |    | Kg   |
| LF50-6 | 6         | 50 | 42 | 75 | 53 | 0.17 |
| LF50-7 | 7         | 59 | 53 | 90 | 59 | 0.25 |
| LF50-8 | 8         | 65 | 60 | 90 | 67 | 0.29 |

# **LM51**

# **Male Double Swivel Socket Member**



One half of a combination component. This component can also be used for attaching flat panels to tubular structures.

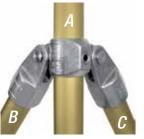


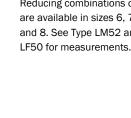
| TYPE   | Tube ref. |    |    | m  | m  |    |    | Kg   |
|--------|-----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|------|
| IIFL   | Α         |    |    |    |    |    |    | кy   |
| LM51-6 | 6         | 50 | 44 | 47 | 11 | 42 | 10 | 0.16 |
| LM51-7 | 7         | 59 | 51 | 50 | 11 | 53 | 10 | 0.20 |
| LM51-8 | 8         | 65 | 60 | 55 | 11 | 60 | 10 | 0.27 |



# LC52 Corner Swivel Socket

Complete combination component. Reducing combinations of Type LC52 are available in sizes 6, 7 and 8. See Type LM52 and Type







# LC58 Swivel Flange

A swivel fitting for attachment of angled tube to a flat surface. See Type LM58 and Type LF50 for measurements. Ø indicates diameter of fixing holes.



Note: This fitting is not recommended for use as a base flange to support guardrail or balustrades.



0.59

0.67

0.85

| TYPE   | Tube ref.<br><i>A</i> | mm<br>Ø | Kg   |
|--------|-----------------------|---------|------|
| LC58-6 | 6                     | 11      | 0.34 |
| LC58-7 | 7                     | 11      | 0.40 |
| LC58-8 | 8                     | 11      | 0.47 |

LC52-888

# LM52 Male Corner Swivel **Socket Member**

One half of a combination component. This component can also be used for attaching flat panels to tubular structures. Ø indicates diameter of rivet holes.



| TYPE   | Tube ref. |    | mm |    |    |    |    |      |  |  |  |
|--------|-----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|------|--|--|--|
| TIPE   | А         | D  |    |    |    |    |    | Kg   |  |  |  |
| LM52-6 | 6         | 50 | 44 | 47 | 11 | 42 | 10 | 0.16 |  |  |  |
| LM52-7 | 7         | 59 | 51 | 50 | 11 | 53 | 10 | 0.23 |  |  |  |
| LM52-8 | 8         | 65 | 60 | 55 | 11 | 60 | 10 | 0.27 |  |  |  |

# LM58 Swivel Flange Plate

This may be considered for various wall and brace fixings, usually combined with Type LF50 to give an adjustable angle fitting Type LC58. Ø indicates diameter of holes.



| TYPE |    |    | mm |    |    | Rivet<br>hole dia.<br>(mm) | Fixing<br>hole dia.<br>(mm) | Kg   |
|------|----|----|----|----|----|----------------------------|-----------------------------|------|
|      |    |    |    |    |    | Ø                          | Ø                           |      |
| LM58 | 86 | 34 | 8  | 53 | 45 | 10                         | 11                          | 0.17 |

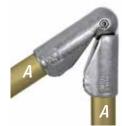


# LB54 Adjustable Elbow (45°-200)°

A swivel fitting designed as an in-line variable angle connection, adjustable from 45° to 200°. Nut and bolt included.

> 0.35 0.65

0.73



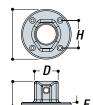
| F      | TYPE    | Tube ref. |    | mm |     |  |
|--------|---------|-----------|----|----|-----|--|
|        | IIPE    | Α         |    |    | F   |  |
|        | LB54-66 | 6         | 50 | 42 | 100 |  |
| ~-200° | LB54-77 | 7         | 58 | 55 | 119 |  |
| · D Ε- | LB54-88 | 8         | 65 | 60 | 131 |  |

# **L61**

# **Flange**

This flange, with holes provided for countersunk head fixing screws only, is used in structures where the fixing required is positional only. Frequently used as a wall fixing bracket. Ø indicates diameter of fixing holes.

WARNING!: It is not recommended for use as a base flange to support guardrail or balustrades (see Type 62).



| Т  | YPE  | Tube ref. |    |    |   |     |    |   |      |  |  |
|----|------|-----------|----|----|---|-----|----|---|------|--|--|
| '  | IFE  | A         |    |    |   |     |    |   | Kg   |  |  |
| Le | 61-6 | 6         | 41 | 50 | 8 | 100 | 49 | 6 | 0.21 |  |  |
| Le | 61-7 | 7         | 53 | 55 | 8 | 110 | 61 | 6 | 0.29 |  |  |
| Le | 61-8 | 8         | 60 | 60 | 8 | 120 | 67 | 6 | 0.32 |  |  |
|    |      |           |    |    |   |     |    |   |      |  |  |



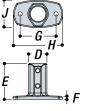
# L62 Standard Railing **Flange**



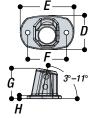
The Type L62 flange should always be used to fix down guardrail and balustrades. Holes are of sufficient diameter to give a good fixing with either a mechanical or chemical anchor. Two set screws in the vertical socket give greater stability to the upright. It is recommended that the fixing holes in the flange be in-line with the applied load. The tube is able to pass through the base of the fitting. Ø indicates diameter of fixing holes.

# L67-8 Angle Flange

Type L67 has been designed to allow the upright to pivot in the barrel, providing an angular displacement from 3° up to a maximum of 11°, measured from the vertical. Ideal to secure balustrade and guardrail systems on access ramps or other types of slopes. Ø indicates the diameter of the fixing hole.



| TVDE  | Tube ref. |    |    | Va |     |     |    |    |      |
|-------|-----------|----|----|----|-----|-----|----|----|------|
| ITPE  | Α         |    |    |    |     |     |    |    | Kg   |
| L62-6 | 6         |    |    |    |     |     |    |    | 0.35 |
| L62-7 | 7         | 55 | 90 | 9  | 102 | 140 | 82 | 14 | 0.43 |
| L62-8 | 8         | 62 | 90 | 9  | 115 | 160 | 84 | 14 | 0.47 |



| ) | TYPE  | Tube ref. |     |     | m   |    |   |    | Va   |
|---|-------|-----------|-----|-----|-----|----|---|----|------|
| • | ITFE  | Α         |     |     |     |    |   |    | Kg   |
|   | L67-8 | 8         | 102 | 160 | 115 | 90 | 9 | 14 | 0.58 |
| • |       |           |     |     |     |    |   |    |      |
|   |       |           |     |     |     |    |   |    |      |

# **Angle Base Flange**

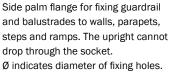


Similar to a Type L62, but used to set up the upright at an angle between  $45^{\circ}$  to  $60^{\circ}$ . This fitting should only be subjected to light loads which cannot be positioned at 90° to the applied loads. For greater loads or other tube sizes, a type L62 flange is used and the upright bent to the required angle. Ø indicates the diameter of the fixing hole.

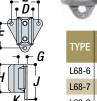


| • |       |   |    |     |    | mm<br><i>G</i> |    |    |    | Kg   |  |
|---|-------|---|----|-----|----|----------------|----|----|----|------|--|
| D | L63-8 | 8 | 84 | 180 | 58 | 154            | 10 | 91 | 12 | 0.69 |  |

# L68 Wall Flange



Note: If the upright is required to pass through the fitting by machining out the base stop, the bottom fixing hole becomes unusable.



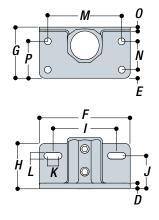
| TVDE  | Tube ret. | mm |    |    |    |     |     |   |    |      |
|-------|-----------|----|----|----|----|-----|-----|---|----|------|
| ITPE  | Α         | U  |    |    |    |     |     |   |    | Kg   |
| L68-6 |           |    |    |    |    |     |     |   |    | 0.24 |
| L68-7 |           | 53 | 86 | 80 | 28 | 89  | 113 | 8 | 11 | 0.35 |
| L68-8 | 8         | 60 | 96 | 92 | 31 | 100 | 128 | 8 | 11 | 0.43 |
|       |           |    |    |    |    |     |     |   |    |      |

# **Railing Flange with Toeboard Adaptor**

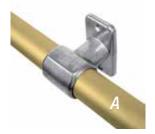


The L69 railing flange has been designed for guardrail and balustrades and allows attachment of a toeboard to the base. The base plate holes are of sufficient diameter to allow for attachment with either a mechanical or chemical anchor; the side plates have slotted holes to allow for a degree of sideways movement for ease of installation. A toeboard designed for use with Type L69 railing flange is available from **KEE SAFETY**. (See page 36.) Ø indicates diameter of fixing holes.

| TVDE  | Tube ref. |    |    |     |    |    |     | m  |    |    |     |    |   |    |    | Va   |
|-------|-----------|----|----|-----|----|----|-----|----|----|----|-----|----|---|----|----|------|
| TYPE  | Α         |    |    |     |    |    |     |    | Κ  |    | M   | N  |   |    |    | кy   |
| L69-7 | 7         | 10 | 15 | 145 | 80 | 80 | 96  | 58 | 20 | 11 | 115 | 40 | 8 | 51 | 11 | 0.64 |
| L69-8 | 8         | 10 | 15 | 160 | 90 | 80 | 112 | 58 | 20 | 11 | 130 | 50 | 8 | 57 | 11 | 0.75 |



# L70 Rail Support



This fitting, with holes provided for countersunk head screw fixings only, is designed to carry handrails along walls or to fix structures back to walls. The tube passes through the fitting and cannot be joined within the fitting. Type 70 is also used to attach toeboards to the base of guardrail uprights.

Ø indicates diameter of fixing holes.



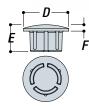
WARNING!: Type 70 fittings are not designed to be used as base flanges for full height guardrails or handrails.

| TVDE  | Tube ref. |    | mm<br>DEFGHIJØ |    |    |    |    |    |   |      |  |
|-------|-----------|----|----------------|----|----|----|----|----|---|------|--|
| THE   | A         |    |                |    |    |    |    |    |   | Kg   |  |
| L70-6 | 6         | 60 | 92             | 50 | 50 | 45 | 68 | 10 | 8 | 0.20 |  |
| L70-7 | 7         | 68 | 105            | 59 | 60 | 54 | 81 | 10 | 8 | 0.34 |  |
| L70-8 | 8         | 75 | 115            | 65 | 66 | 60 | 91 | 10 | 8 | 0.45 |  |
|       |           |    |                |    |    |    |    |    |   |      |  |

# **Metal Plug**



A metal drive-in plug. For proper insertion, a rubber mallet should be used. The metal plug is difficult to remove once installed.



| TYPE  | Tube ref. |    | mm |   | <b>V</b> a |
|-------|-----------|----|----|---|------------|
| HIFE  | А         | D  |    |   | Kg         |
| L84-6 | 6         | 34 | 31 | 6 | 0.02       |
| L84-7 | 7         | 43 | 31 | 6 | 0.05       |
| L84-8 | 8         | 49 | 31 | 6 | 0.05       |
|       |           |    |    |   |            |

# **Swivel Tee**



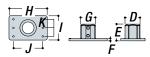
An internal swivel fitting designed to accommodate varying angles on handrail, staircases, ramps or bracing. Used in conjunction with types L10, L15, L25 or L45, it eliminates the need for specialty drilled angle fittings.



| TYPE   | Tube ref. | ube ref. mm |    |    |    |      |  |  |  |
|--------|-----------|-------------|----|----|----|------|--|--|--|
| ITFE   | Α         |             |    |    |    |      |  |  |  |
| L114-6 | 6         | 43          | 56 | 45 | 32 | 0.18 |  |  |  |
| L114-7 | 7         | 53          | 64 | 43 | 40 | 0.27 |  |  |  |
| L114-8 | 8         | 60          | 70 | 46 | 40 | 0.34 |  |  |  |
|        |           |             |    |    |    |      |  |  |  |

# L148 Heavy Duty **Rectangular Flange**





# Type L148 is a structural base fixing used to fix down guardrail and balustrades. This fitting is available with either two or four fixing holes, which are of sufficient diameter to give a good fixing with either a mechanical or chemical anchor. The two socket set screws give greater stability to the upright. It is recommended that fixing holes be

Note: The L148-9/2 has two holes; the L148-9/4 has four holes.

Ø indicates diameter of fixing holes.

in-line with the applied load.

| TYPE     | Tube ref. |    | mm |    |    |     |     |     |    |    | Kg   |
|----------|-----------|----|----|----|----|-----|-----|-----|----|----|------|
|          | А         |    |    |    |    |     |     |     | K  |    |      |
| L148-9/2 | 9         |    |    |    |    | 198 |     |     |    |    |      |
| L148-9/4 | 9         | 78 | 87 | 12 | 77 | 198 | 130 | 153 | 45 | 14 | 1.13 |

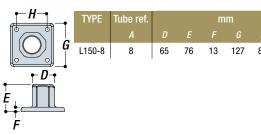
# L150 Heavy Duty Four Hole **Square Flange**



A heavy duty, four point fixing flange. Ideal when a structural fixing is required. Ø indicates diameter of fixing holes.

11

0.64



# L152 Four Hole Square **Flange**



A four point fixing flange. Ø indicates diameter of fixing holes.

|   |                            | G |
|---|----------------------------|---|
| F | <b>↑</b> <i>D</i> <b>↑</b> | Ę |

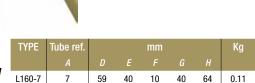
| TYPE   | Tube ref. |    | mm |   |    |    |    |      |  |  |
|--------|-----------|----|----|---|----|----|----|------|--|--|
|        | Α         |    |    |   |    |    |    |      |  |  |
| L152-6 | 6         | 50 | 46 | 6 | 76 | 52 | 8  | 0.16 |  |  |
| L152-7 | 7         | 59 | 55 | 8 | 85 | 61 | 11 | 0.27 |  |  |
| L152-8 | 8         | 65 | 65 | 8 | 92 | 67 | 11 | 0.31 |  |  |
|        |           |    |    |   |    |    |    |      |  |  |

# L160 Smooth Handrail **Fitting**



L160-8

Designed to provide attachment for a smooth handrail. The fitting swivels during installation, allowing the handrail to be placed at any angle. The fitting is supplied as a kit including fasteners.



40



Gaskets are available to prevent the corrosion associated with lime in concrete. The gaskets have more resistance than natural rubber to sunlight, ozone and oxidation. Neoprene is heat resistant and does not soften as natural rubber does under severe exposure. Gasket part numbers correspond to **KEE LITE** flange and base components as follows:

**Neoprene Gaskets** 

| LG58   | LG61-8 | LG62-8 | LG68-8 | LG70-6 | LG148-9 | LG152-7 |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|---------|---------|
| LG61-6 | LG62-6 | LG68-6 | LG69-7 | LG70-7 | LG150-8 | LG152-8 |
| LG61-7 | LG62-7 | LG68-7 | LG69-8 | LG70-8 | LG152-6 | LG164-8 |



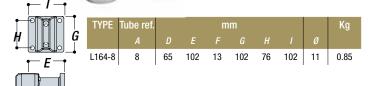
# **Offset Wall Flange**

This component is designed for palm fixing of uprights to steel channels, walls, parapets, steps and ramps. The upright cannot drop through the socket. Ø indicates diameter of fixing holes.

40

67

0.14







# **Safety Handrails for Disabled Access**

The **KEE ACCESS** range of tubular fittings is designed specifically to meet the requirements of the Equality Act 2010, the Building Regulations Part M and British Standard BS 8300. The **KEE ACCESS** components provide a cost-effective solution for handrail installations on both new and refurbishment projects.

**KEE ACCESS** components have been designed to give a smooth handrail with size 7 tube (outside diameter 42.4mm). All fittings can be powder coated in a choice of RAL colours to meet the visibility and 'not cold to the touch' requirements of the building regulations.

**KEE ACCESS** is ideal for creating new barriers, but the system can also be used as a retrofit solution, due to its add-on components which allow a new handrail to be added on to existing railing systems.

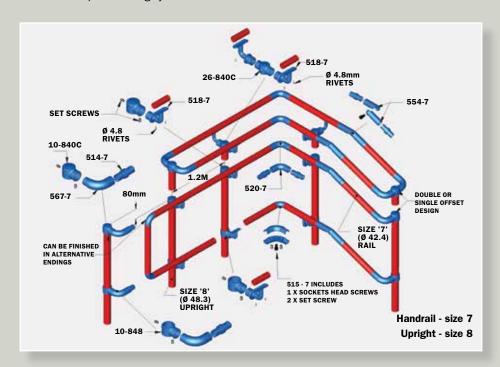


The modular **KEE ACCESS** components are designed to suit BS EN 10255 (ISO 65) steel tubes. Components are made of galvanised cast iron to BS EN ISO 1461 for long-term maintenance; they are also available with polyester coating in any RAL colour. Any **KEE ACCESS** Railing System can be easily installed with a hex tool and tube cutters, and is therefore easily assembled without specialised workers or equipment, saving you both time and money.

**KEE SAFETY** has a solution for every environment and situation. **KEE KLAMP** components can be implemented alongside **KEE ACCESS** components to create a complete line of complementary galvanised components. Send us your drawings, sketches or layout for a complete detailed proposal.

# **KEE ACCESS Basic Assembly**

How these components work together to give you the most durable and flexible compliant railing system for access.





# Fittings by Function

# Coupling

514-7.....Internal

### **Elbows**

| 515-790° Split                 |
|--------------------------------|
| 520-790° Solid                 |
| 554-7Variable Angle            |
| 565-7Wall Mounted End Return   |
| 567-7 End Poet Handrail Return |

# **Handrail Wall Bracket**

| 518-7Galvanised Inset         |
|-------------------------------|
| 561-7Wall                     |
| 565-7Wall Mounted End Return  |
| 570-7Galvanised Mounted       |
| 575-7Upright Mounted Handrail |
| Joiner                        |
| 580-7Wall Mounted Handrail    |
| Joiner                        |

### Tees/Sockets

| A10-748 Add-on Single Handrail |
|--------------------------------|
| (32mm)                         |
| 10-840CSingle Handrail Capped  |
| 10-848Single Handrail          |
| A10-848Add-on Split Single     |
| Handrail (38mm)                |
| 26-840Twin Handrail            |
| 26-840CTwin Handrail Capped    |
| 555-8Top Fix Rail Assembly     |

# Miscellaneous

| 84-848Upright Top Ca | ap |
|----------------------|----|
| 508-7Gap Washer      |    |



# A10-748 Add-on Single Handrail **Socket**



The unique "hinge and pin" system of this socket tee enables existing structures to be easily modified without the need for dismantling. Hinges around existing size 7, or 32mm N.B. tube.

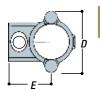


| TYPE    | Tube ref. |      | m  | m  | Ka   |  |
|---------|-----------|------|----|----|------|--|
| ITPE    |           |      | D  |    | Ny   |  |
| A10-748 | 7         | stub | 76 | 53 | 0.53 |  |
|         |           |      |    |    |      |  |

# A10-848 Add-on Single Handrail **Socket**



The unique "hinge and pin" system of this socket tee enables existing structures to be easily modified without the need for dismantling. Hinges around existing size 8, or 40 N.B. tube.



| TYPE    | Tube ref. |      | m  | Va |      |
|---------|-----------|------|----|----|------|
| TYPE    |           |      |    |    | кy   |
| A10-848 | 8         | stub | 82 | 55 | 0.62 |
|         |           |      |    |    |      |

# 10-840C Single Handrail Socket Capped



Capped 90° socket tee designed for use at the termination of an upright where a handrail socket needs to be joined.



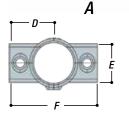
| TYPE    | lube ref. |      | m  | m  | Ka   |  |
|---------|-----------|------|----|----|------|--|
|         | Α         |      | D  |    | кy   |  |
| 10-840C | 8         | stub | 55 | 85 | 0.41 |  |

# 26-840

# **Twin Handrail Socket**

Fitting slips over upright to create two handrail sockets at 90°.





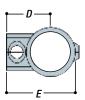
| TYPE   | Tub | Tube ref. |    | mm | Va  |      |
|--------|-----|-----------|----|----|-----|------|
| TIPE   |     |           |    |    | F   | Kg   |
| 26-840 | 8   | stub      | 55 | 48 | 110 | 0.44 |
|        |     |           |    |    |     |      |

# 10-848

# **Single Handrail Socket**



A 'tee' component used for new builds as an interface between uprights and the KEE ACCESS fittings. For upgrading size 7 and size 8 systems see A10-748 and A10-848.



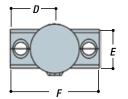
| TYPE   | Tube ref. |      | m  | Ka. |      |
|--------|-----------|------|----|-----|------|
|        | Α         | В    |    |     | кy   |
| 10-848 | 8         | stub | 55 | 85  | 0.38 |

# 26-840C Twin Handrail Socket **Capped**



Capped fitting for use at the termination of an upright to create two handrail sockets at 90° from the upright.

A



| TYPE    | Tube ref. |      |    | mm | Va  |      |
|---------|-----------|------|----|----|-----|------|
|         | Α         | В    |    |    |     | Kg   |
| 26-840C | 8         | stub | 55 | 48 | 110 | 0.50 |
|         |           |      |    |    |     |      |



# 4-848 Upright Top Cap



A metal drive-in plug which is difficult to remove when installed. The 84-848 is a cap for the open ends of size 8 uprights and covers the top of a 10-848 tee fitting. KEE KLAMP Types 77-7, 77-8, 84-7 or 84-8 could also be used, but do only cap the tube, not the tube as well as the component. This fitting can only be used with EN 10255 Medium Tube.





A 90° corner elbow consisting of two separate pieces, which are joined by a centrally positioned screw. The combined fitting is positioned with the ends inside the adjoining handrails, and the outer grubscrews tightened. This forces the halves apart, gripping the inside of the tube. The central screw is then tightened, locking the fitting in place.

| 1 |
|---|
|   |
|   |
|   |
|   |

| TYPE  | Tube ref. | mm |    | Ka.  |
|-------|-----------|----|----|------|
|       | Α         |    | Ε  | кy   |
| 515-7 | 7         | 34 | 50 | 0.84 |

# **Optional Gap Washer**

A rubber gasket for use with size 7 components. Comes only in black.



# 518-7

# **Handrail Bracket**



An intermediate upright handrail support. This bracket is designed to be mounted on a Type 10-848, 10-848C, 26-840 and 26-840C or a Type A10 fitting; the rail sits on the saddle and is secured by either Ø4.8mm x 15mm long aluminium 'multi-grip' pop rivets or No. 10 x 20mm countersunk self-tapping screws. Ø indicates diameter of rivet holes.



| TYPE  | Tube ref. |        | mm |    |   | Va   |
|-------|-----------|--------|----|----|---|------|
|       |           | В      |    |    |   | , ky |
| 518-7 | 7         | socket | 51 | 30 | 5 | 0.49 |
|       |           |        |    |    |   |      |

# **Internal Coupling**

Designed especially for DDA railing, this internal coupling can be powder coated (unlike our Type 18 fitting). The inset hex screw and precise coupling design allows handrail to be smooth and continuous. The internal coupling is a necessary component when installing Type 520-7, Type 554-7, Type 565-7 and Type 567-7.



| TYPE  | Tube ref. m |    | ım | Ka   |  |
|-------|-------------|----|----|------|--|
|       | Α           |    |    | , ky |  |
| 514-7 | 7           | 74 | 25 | 0.38 |  |

# Solid Elbow (90°)

An alternative elbow to Type 515, two piece fitting. The elbow is designed to be joined to the handrails using two Type 514-7 internal couplings.



| _                     |       |    |
|-----------------------|-------|----|
| $P \longrightarrow D$ | TYPE  | Tu |
|                       |       |    |
|                       |       |    |
|                       | 520-7 |    |
| F E                   |       |    |
|                       |       |    |

| TYPE  | Tube ref. | m  | V a |      |
|-------|-----------|----|-----|------|
|       | Α         |    |     | Ny   |
| 520-7 | 7         | 80 | 30  | 0.40 |



# **554-7** Variable Angle

A variable angle elbow for changes in elevation. This elbow allow for flexibility within particular designs or plans. The elbow is joined to rails using two Type 514-7 internal couplings.



| TYPE  | Tube ref.<br>A | mm<br>D | Kg   |
|-------|----------------|---------|------|
| 554-7 | 7              | 108     | 0.33 |

# 565-7 Wall Mounted End Return



A wall mounted handrail return bracket. Bracket is joined to handrail using Type 514-7 coupling. Three fixing holes are drilled and countersunk to suit No. 14 csk screws. Ø indicates diameter of fixing



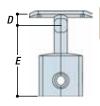
| TYPE  | Tube ref. |    | mm |    |   |      |  |
|-------|-----------|----|----|----|---|------|--|
|       | Α         |    |    |    |   | кy   |  |
| 565-7 | 7         | 82 | 86 | 90 | 7 | 0.67 |  |
|       | '         |    |    |    |   | ı    |  |

# 555-8 Top Fix Rail Assembly



Is an in-line, adjustable angle, single top-rail mounted component for use where a guidance handrail is required and where there is no need for a twin-rail guardrail style system. Saddle has a variable angle of 60° from the vertical.

Ø indicates diameter of rivet holes.

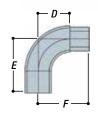


| TYPE  | Tube | ref. |    | mm | Va |      |
|-------|------|------|----|----|----|------|
|       |      |      |    |    |    | кy   |
| 555-8 | 8    | 7    | 13 | 89 | 5  | 0.50 |

# 567-7 End Post Handrail Return



A handrail return bracket for use when mounting railing to an upright. This handrail is mounted to an upright using a handrail socket. Join the return handrail using Type 514-7 internal coupling.



| TYPE  | Tube ref. |      |    | Kg |    |   |      |
|-------|-----------|------|----|----|----|---|------|
|       | Α         | В    |    |    |    | Ø | кy   |
| 567-7 | 7         | stub | 51 | 86 | 81 | 7 | 0.57 |
|       |           |      |    |    |    | , | '    |
|       |           |      |    |    |    |   |      |
|       |           |      |    |    |    |   |      |

# 561-7 Wall Flange



A wall mounted hand rail end flange. Four fixing holes are drilled and countersunk to suit 6mm diameter flat head wood screws. Joins to rail with Type 514-7 Internal Coupling. Ø indicates diameter of fixing holes.

| E  |        |   |
|----|--------|---|
| LM | $\neg$ | T |
|    | — n—   |   |

| TYPE  | Tube ref. |    | mm |   | Ka   |
|-------|-----------|----|----|---|------|
|       | А         |    |    |   | ĸy   |
| 561-7 | 7         | 90 | 40 | 7 | 0.35 |

# **570-7** Wall Mounted Handrail **Bracket**



A wall mounted version of the 518-7. The handrail tube sits on the 'saddle' and is secured using either No. 10 self-drilling screws or multi-grip pop rivets. This bracket provides holes for countersunk head fixing screws only. Three fixing holes are drilled and countersunk to suit 6mm diameter csk screws. Ø indicates diameter of fixing holes.

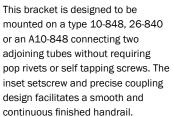


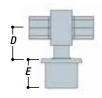
|   | TYPE  | Tube ref. |    | mm |    |    |    |   | Kg   |
|---|-------|-----------|----|----|----|----|----|---|------|
|   |       | Α         | D  |    |    |    |    |   | кy   |
|   | 570-7 | 7         | 88 | 63 | 82 | 90 | 25 | 7 | 0.67 |
| F | G     |           |    |    |    |    |    |   |      |



# 575-7 Upright Mounted





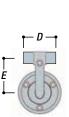


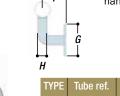
| TYPE  | Tube ref. | m  | ım | Va   |
|-------|-----------|----|----|------|
|       |           | D  |    | кy   |
| 575-7 | 7         | 51 | 30 | 0.79 |

# 580-7 Wall Mounted Handrail **Joiner**



A wall mounted version of the 575-7, comprises of three countersunk woodscrew fixing holes and connects two adjoining handrail tubes without requiring pop rivets or self tapping screws. The inset setscrew and precise coupling design facilitates a smooth and continuous finished handrail.





| TYPE  | Tube ref. |    | mm |    |    |    | Va   |
|-------|-----------|----|----|----|----|----|------|
|       |           |    |    |    |    |    | Ny   |
| 580-7 | 7         | 75 | 84 | 82 | 90 | 25 | 0.99 |





# **Accessories**



#### **Hex Key**

Simple hex key. A/F refers to the dimension across the flats.





| TYPE   | To su | it tube | sizes | A/F   |
|--------|-------|---------|-------|-------|
| 99-3   | 3     |         |       | 5/32" |
| 99-4   | 4     |         |       | 3/16" |
| 99-56  | 5     | 6       |       | 1/4"  |
| 99-789 | 7     | 8       | 9     | 5/16" |

#### **Set Screws**

Steel set screws.

Socket set screws are supplied and inserted in all Kee Safety fittings as standard, the case hardened set screws that are fitted to **KEE KLAMP** and **KEE ACCESS** components are coated with **KEE KOAT**. This unique Kee Safety product ensures at least four times the corrosion resistance of bright zinc plated alternatives. KEE LITE components are all supplied and fitted with grade 1.4301 Stainless

| TYPE     | To su | it tube | sizes | Size         | Finish                       |
|----------|-------|---------|-------|--------------|------------------------------|
| 97-3     | 3     |         |       | 5/16" BSF    | BZP                          |
| 97-4     | 4     |         |       | 3/8" BSF     | BZP                          |
| 97-56    | 5     | 6       |       | ISO 228 1/4" | KEE KOAT                     |
| 97-789   | 7     | 8       | 9     | ISO 228 3/8" | KEE KOAT                     |
| 97-56050 | 5     | 6       |       | ISO 228 1/4" | Grade 1.4301 Stainless Steel |
| 97-78950 | 7     | 8       | 9     | ISO 228 3/8" | Grade 1.4301 Stainless Steel |

#### **Toeboard**

Used with fitting Type L69 Railing Flange. The toeboard is 102mm high and is made of aluminium. A channel in the toeboard accepts the bolt head of the mounting hardware, allowing ease in placement. Toeboard is sold by the linear metre. It can be supplied adonised if required. Mounting hardware is available separately.



### **Anti-theft Device**

Aluminum drive rivets discourages the tampering of set screws whilst creating a nice finished appearance. Drive rivets are easy to install, the rivet pin is simply hit with a hammer driving it flush with the rivet head and expanding the rear of the rivet. No special tools are necessary.

One size fits components 5-9.

### **In-fill Panels**

Panels in a variety of materials, sizes and finishes. The standard 50mm x 50mm Weld Mesh is available in either Galvanised or Powder Coated finish. Maximum panel size is 240cm x 120cm. Smaller opening are also available (25mm x 25mm or 50mm x 50mm).

KEE SAFETY also offer made-to-order Vertical Bar Infill which is stronger than welded mesh and is normally fabricated from 12mm solid bar welded at 100mm centres. This complies with the 100mm sphere rule stated in BS 6180:1995. Clause 5.3. Perforated or solid infill is also available.





#### **Ratchet Set**

Reversible ratchet for easier fastening of grub screws (1/2" Drive, 20cm long). Ratchet Handle and Hexagon Bits are supplied separately. A/F refers to the dimensions across the flats.



| TYPE   | To su | it tube | sizes | Sizes                                |
|--------|-------|---------|-------|--------------------------------------|
| 98     |       |         |       | Ratchet Handle (1/2" drive, 8" long) |
| 98-56  | 5     | 6       |       | Hexagon Bit (1/4" AF)                |
| 98-789 | 7     | 8       | 9     | Hexagon Bit (5/16" AF)               |



#### **Modules**

Preassembled modules make for a simple and quick assembly or installation of your project. Provides constant barrier heights and lengths. Made to suit individual project requirements. A standard set is also available.



# **Safety Barrier Systems**

Meet every Safety Loading Standard up to 1500 Newtons per Metre (N/m) in practically every location

## Simple to Design and Specify

The modular **KEE SAFETY** systems securely join standard sizes of structural tube in almost any configuration you can imagine.

Assembled on site, **KEE SAFETY** guardrailing will accommodate most variations between design drawings and site requirements.

#### **Cost-Effective to Install**

Low skill, no welding, no special tools required. All components slip over tube, and can be adjusted to the required level and positioned before tightening with a simple hex key.

# Widest Range of Components for Structural Tube

Just sketch out the guardrail you want to construct and check the fittings you require. Combination fittings optimise the strength to weight ratio and cost of any structure, enabling different diameters of tube to be used.

# Meet Specified Loadings up to 1500 N/m

Use the Loading Tables on page 40 to select the appropriate tube size, grade, and the 'bay size' for the guardrailing uprights. The same design loading can be achieved by using either stronger uprights and wider bays, or lighter uprights set closer together.

# **Unrivalled Technical Support**

**KEE SAFETY** offer practical assistance over the telephone or by fax, or, if required, will check your designs or drawings for compliance with current Safety Standards.



#### **Kee Safety Technical Support**

Tel: +44 (0) 1384 632 188 Fax: +44 (0) 1384 632 192 Email: sales@keesafety.com www.keesafety.co.uk



# LEVEL

The universal guardrailing solution.















# RAMPS

Unique  $0^{\circ}$  to  $11^{\circ}$  range for in-line construction. Non-handed fittings allow consistent alignment of grubscrews.













# **STAIRS**

Maximum strength. Minimum installation time and cost.



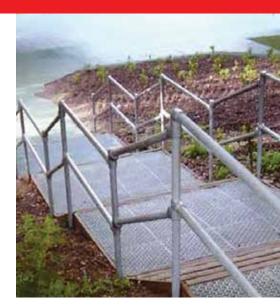












# **In Line Construction**



# PEDESTRIAN GUARDRAILING

Complies with BS 7818 Clause 2.4.Each railing is individually replaceable offering large cost savings when repair is necessary.











# **SLOPE FITTINGS**

For building a guardrail along staircases and ramps when the slope is greater than 30°















# **SLOPE FITTINGS**

Single fittings for slopes greater than 30°













# **Meeting Safety Standards**



360 Newtons per metre run (N/m)

Industrial Use-Non Emergency

740 Newtons per metre run (N/m)

Commercial Use 1500 Newtons per metre run (N/m) Retail/Public Access

requirements to be fulfilled of which the Design Load is the most important.

The current regulations give various design

## **Kee Klamp Load Chart**

| Tube Size            | <b>6</b><br>3.2mm        | <b>7</b><br>3.2mm         | <b>7</b><br>4mm           | <b>8</b><br>3.2mm         | <b>8</b><br>4mm            | <b>8</b><br>5mm             | <b>9</b><br>3.65mm         | <b>9</b><br>4.5mm          |
|----------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| Grade                | BS EN 10255<br>Medium    | BS EN 10255<br>Medium     | BS EN 10255<br>Heavy      | BS EN 10255<br>Medium     | BS EN 39                   | <b>EN 10210</b><br>S355 JOH | BS EN 10255<br>Medium      | BS EN 10255<br>Heavy       |
| Design Load Criteria |                          |                           |                           | Upright Heigh             | nt 900mm                   |                             |                            |                            |
| 360 N/m              | <b>814mm</b><br>(4.44KN) | <b>1369mm</b><br>(6.52KN) | <b>1595mm</b> (7.60KN)    | <b>1828mm</b><br>(7.73KN) | <b>2584mm</b> (10.92KN)    | <b>3052mm</b><br>(12.90KN)  | <b>3265mm</b><br>(13.80KN) | <b>3856mm</b><br>(14.75KN) |
| 740 N/m              | <b>396mm</b><br>(4.44KN) | <b>666mm</b> (6.52KN)     | <b>776mm</b><br>(7.60KN)  | <b>889mm</b><br>(7.73KN)  | <b>1257mm</b><br>(10.92KN) | <b>2229mm</b><br>(19.36KN)  | <b>1588mm</b> (13.80KN)    | <b>1876mm</b> (14.75KN)    |
| 1500 N/m             | <b>195mm</b><br>(4.44KN) | <b>329mm</b><br>(6.52KN)  | <b>383mm</b><br>(7.60KN)  | <b>439mm</b><br>(7.73KN)  | <b>620mm</b><br>(10.92KN)  | <b>1100mm</b> (19.36KN)     | <b>784mm</b><br>(13.80KN)  | <b>925mm</b><br>(14.75KN)  |
| Design Load Criteria | Upright Height 1000mm    |                           |                           |                           |                            |                             |                            |                            |
| 360 N/m              | <b>732mm</b><br>(4.44KN) | <b>1232mm</b> (6.52KN)    | <b>1435mm</b><br>(7.60KN) | <b>1645mm</b><br>(7.73KN) | <b>2326mm</b> (10.92KN)    | <b>2930mm</b> (13.76KN)     | <b>2939mm</b> (13.80KN)    | <b>3470mm</b> (14.75KN)    |
| 740 N/m              | <b>356mm</b><br>(4.44KN) | <b>599mm</b><br>(6.52KN)  | <b>698mm</b><br>(7.60KN)  | <b>800mm</b><br>(7.73KN)  | <b>1131mm</b><br>(10.92KN) | <b>2006mm</b><br>(19.36KN)  | <b>1430mm</b> (13.80KN)    | <b>1688mm</b> (14.75KN)    |
| 1500 N/m             | <b>176mm</b> (4.44KN)    | <b>296mm</b><br>(6.52 KN) | <b>345mm</b><br>(7.60KN)  | <b>395mm</b><br>(7.73KN)  | <b>558mm</b> (10.92KN)     | <b>990mm</b><br>(19.36 KN)  | <b>705mm</b><br>(13.80 KN) | <b>833mm</b><br>(14.75 KN) |
| Design Load Criteria |                          |                           |                           | Upright Heigh             | t 1100mm                   |                             | •                          |                            |
| 360 N/m              | <b>666mm</b> (4.44KN)    | <b>1120mm</b> (6.52KN)    | <b>1305mm</b> (7.60KN)    | <b>1496mm</b> (7.73KN)    | <b>2114mm</b> (10.92KN)    | <b>2778mm</b> (14.35KN)     | <b>2671mm</b> (13.80KN)    | <b>3155mm</b> (14.75KN)    |
| 740 N/m              | <b>324mm</b><br>(4.44KN) | <b>545mm</b><br>(6.52KN)  | <b>635mm</b><br>(7.60KN)  | <b>728mm</b><br>(7.73KN)  | <b>1028mm</b><br>(10.92KN) | <b>1824mm</b><br>(19.36KN)  | <b>1300mm</b> (13.80KN)    | <b>1535mm</b> (14.75KN)    |
| 1500 N/m             | <b>160mm</b> (4.44KN)    | <b>269mm</b><br>(6.52KN)  | <b>313mm</b><br>(7.60KN)  | <b>359mm</b><br>(7.73KN)  | <b>507mm</b> (10.92KN)     | <b>900mm</b><br>(19.36KN)   | <b>641mm</b><br>(13.80KN)  | <b>757mm</b><br>(14.75KN)  |

Base upon rail diameter being the same as the upright but using BS EN 10255 medium wall tubing.

Design Loads are as stated in BS 8118, BS 6180, BS 6399 & BS 7818. The above bay sizes are based upon using the  $\mbox{\bf KEE}$   $\mbox{\bf KLAMP}$  Type 62 base fitting fixed perpendicular to the line of the handrails.

The figures shown in brackets are the required anchor pull out loads for the bay size indicated after all reduction factors have been applied.

### **Kee Lite Load Chart**

| Tube Size            | <b>6</b><br>3.38mm    | <b>7</b><br>3.56mm | <b>8</b><br>4.05mm | <b>9</b><br>4.06mm |  |  |
|----------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--|--|
| Grade                | 6082<br>T6            | 6082<br>T6         | 6082<br>T6         | 6082<br>T6         |  |  |
| Design Load Criteria |                       | Upright Heig       | ht 900mm           |                    |  |  |
| 360 N/m              | 720mm                 | 1388mm             | 1879mm             | 2490mm             |  |  |
| 740 N/m              | N/A                   | N/A                | 1220mm             | 1940mm             |  |  |
| Design Load Criteria |                       |                    |                    |                    |  |  |
| 360 N/m              | 540mm                 | 1117mm             | 1664mm             | 2370mm             |  |  |
| 740 N/m              | N/A                   | N/A                | 950mm              | 1690mm             |  |  |
| Design Load Criteria | Upright Height 1100mm |                    |                    |                    |  |  |
| 360 N/m              | 400mm                 | 871mm              | 1398mm             | 2205mm             |  |  |
| 740 N/m              | N/A                   | N/A                | 730mm              | 1400mm             |  |  |

#### Notes

- · The table is based on the maximum permissible bending moment of
- All rails are the same tube size as uprights but in BS EN 10255 medium grade tube
- · Where tube is to be used to form ground sockets: Tube size 6 fits inside tube size 7 medium grade only Tube size 8 fits inside tube size 9 all grades.

Based upon rail diameter being the same size & grades as the upright.

Design Loads are as stated in BS 8118, BS 5950, BS 6180, BS 6399 & BS 7818.

To achieve bigger bay sizes than those stated please contact Kee Safety Ltd for further details.

**KEE LITE** components are made from high grade Aluminium Silicon Magnesium Alloy.

- · Recommended set screw torque is 39Nm
- Minimum slip load capacity on aluminium tube: 7.56KN (safety factor = 2 with tube having a minimum UTS of 275 N/mm<sup>2</sup>)
- · Large grubscrews are designed to resist thread stripping
- The core range of **KEE LITE** fittings has undergone independent testing by TÜV.



# **Assembly and Installation**

# **Straight and Level Guard Rail**

Using Types 10, 15, 20, 21, 25, & 26 or L10, L15, L20, L21, L25, & L26

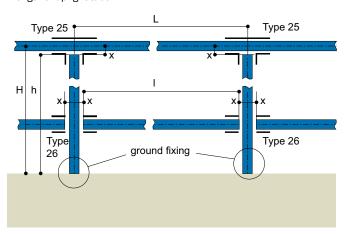
#### Where:

L = distance between centres of uprights

I = length of horizontal tube

H = distance from ground to centre line of top rail

h = length of upright tube



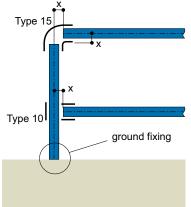


Table 1 gives details of dimension 'x' in the formula:

I = L - 2x

To calculate rail lengths and uprights use the formula:

 $h = H - x \pm (ground fixing)*$ 

Table 1: Dimension 'x' for fittings shown above, including Types 35, 40 and L35\*

| Fitting Size | x (mm) |
|--------------|--------|
| 3            | -12    |
| 4            | -13    |
| 5            | -14    |
| 6            | -17    |
| 7            | -22    |
| 8            | -25    |
| 9            | -30    |

**Note:** When reducing fittings are being used care must be taken to use the correct 'x' dimension. (i.e., Type 10-87, vertical tube size 8, horizontal tube size 7. To find the correct length of the horizontal tube, the length 'x' is that for the size 8 vertical tube.)

When using Types 35 and 40 the above 'x' dimension should be used.

Although guardrailing is normally constructed in size 6, 7 and 8 tube, Table 1 shows the cutting length for all **KEE KLAMP** tube sizes, and can therefore be applied to many other rectangular structures.

\*When using **KEE LITE** bases, L61, L62, L69, L140, L150 and L152, "ground fixing" dimension will be zero.

### **Guardrailing up Slopes 0°-11°**

**Using Types 86, 87, 88 and 89** 

Where the upright remains vertical, i.e. ramps and stairways, (i) dimension 'x' to be subtracted from the upright centre dimension measured on the slope to give rail length. (I = L - 2x); (ii) dimension 'y' to be added to the centre dimension to give the length of the upright (H = h + y + ground fixing).

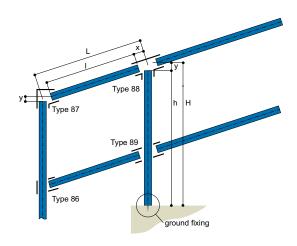


Table 2 gives details of dimensions required for calculating the rail lengths, where angles are between  $0^{\circ}$  and  $11^{\circ}$ .

Table 2: Rails

| Angle<br>of Slope | Size 8 Fittings<br>'x' (mm) |
|-------------------|-----------------------------|
| 0° to 4°          | <b>–</b> 25                 |
| 5° to 9°          | -28                         |
| 10° to 11°        | -30                         |

Table 3 gives details of dimensions required for calculating the upright lengths, where angles are between 0° and 11°.

Table 3: Uprights

| Angle<br>of Slope | Size 8 Fittings<br>'y' (mm) |
|-------------------|-----------------------------|
| 0° to 4°          | -25                         |
| 5° to 9°          | -28                         |
| 10° to 11°        | -30                         |



# **Guardrail Up Slopes 11° to 30°**

Using Types 55A, 56A, 327, 328, & 329 size 7 & 8

Where the upright remains vertical, i.e. stairways (i) dimension x, x1, x2, x3 to be subtracted from the upright centres; dimension (L) to give the rail length; (ii) dimension y, y1 and y2 for determining the up-right length.

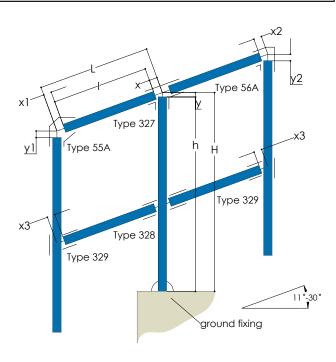


Table 1 gives details of dimensions required for calculating the rail lengths, where angle are between 11°  $\&\,30\,^\circ$ 

#### Table 1: Rails

|          |     | Fitting Size |     |     |     |     |     |     |
|----------|-----|--------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Angle    |     | 7            |     |     | 8   |     |     |     |
| Of Slope |     |              |     |     |     |     |     |     |
|          |     | х1           | x2  | х3  |     | x1  | x2  | х3  |
| 11°      | -26 | -25          | -35 | -52 | -29 | -16 | -35 | -51 |
| 15°      | -28 | -21          | -46 | -53 | -31 | -27 | -47 | -52 |
| 20°      | -30 | -16          | -48 | -55 | -34 | -21 | -49 | -54 |
| 25°      | -33 | -15          | -52 | -59 | -38 | -22 | -53 | -57 |
| 30°      | -37 | -8           | -57 | -64 | -42 | -15 | -59 | -62 |

Table 2 Gives details of dimensions required for calculating the upright lengths.

### Table 2: Uprights

|          | Fitting Size |     |     |    |     |     |
|----------|--------------|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|
| Angle    |              | 7   |     |    | 8   |     |
| Of Slope |              |     |     |    |     |     |
|          | у            | y1  | y2  | у  | y1  | y2  |
| 11°      | +7           | -10 | -28 | +6 | -7  | -33 |
| 15°      | +7           | -11 | -25 | +6 | -8  | -30 |
| 20°      | +7           | -13 | -34 | +6 | -10 | -38 |
| 25°      | +7           | -15 | -43 | +6 | -10 | -48 |
| 30°      | +7           | -18 | -53 | +6 | -14 | -59 |

# Guardrail up Slopes 30° to 45°

Using Types 29, 30, 55, 56 & 427 in sizes 7 & 8

Where the upright remains vertical, i.e. stairways (i) dimension x, x1, x3, y & z to be subtracted from the upright centres; dimension (L) to give the rail length; (ii) dimension u, v and w for determining the upright length.

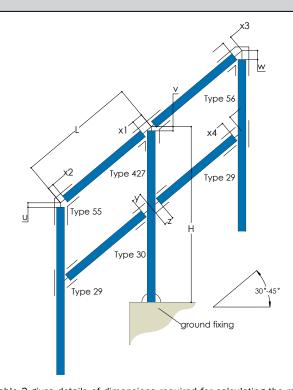


Table 3 gives details of dimensions required for calculating the rail lengths, where angle are between 30  $^\circ$  & 45  $^\circ$ 

Table 3: Rails

|             | Fitting Size |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
|-------------|--------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Angle       |              |     | 7   | 7   |     |     |     |     |     | 3   |     |     |
| Of<br>Slope | x1           | x2  | х3  | х4  | у   |     | x1  | x2  | х3  | х4  | у   |     |
| 30°         | -39          | -20 | -55 | -37 | -49 | -55 | -45 | -22 | -49 | -43 | -60 | -74 |
| 35°         | -44          | -16 | -61 | -40 | -50 | -54 | -50 | -18 | -55 | -47 | -60 | -74 |
| 40°         | -47          | -20 | -71 | -45 | -51 | -53 | -55 | -21 | -66 | -52 | -61 | -74 |
| 45°         | -50          | -26 | -85 | -51 | -91 | -53 | -55 | -26 | -81 | -59 | -68 | -66 |

Table 4 Gives details of dimensions required for calculating the upright lengths..

Table 4: Uprights

|          | Fitting Size |    |     |     |    |     |
|----------|--------------|----|-----|-----|----|-----|
| Angle    |              | 7  |     |     | 8  |     |
| Of Slope |              |    |     |     |    |     |
|          | u            |    |     |     |    |     |
| 30°      | -17          | +5 | -48 | -25 | +6 | -49 |
| 35°      | -16          | +5 | -59 | -21 | +6 | -59 |
| 40°      | -8           | +3 | -69 | -14 | +6 | -69 |
| 45°      | +2           | -1 | -80 | -2  | -4 | -81 |



#### Guardrail up slopes 30° to 45°

Using 325, 325A, 326, size 7 & 8

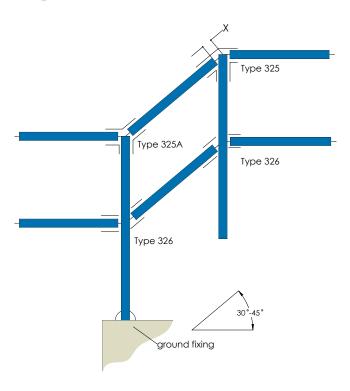


Table 5 gives details of dimensions required for calculating the rail lengths, where angle are be-tween 30  $^\circ$  & 45  $^\circ$ 

Table 5: Rails

|                   | Fitting Size |     |  |  |  |
|-------------------|--------------|-----|--|--|--|
| Angle<br>Of Slope | 7            | 8   |  |  |  |
|                   |              |     |  |  |  |
|                   |              | х   |  |  |  |
| 30°               | -47          | -57 |  |  |  |
| 35°               | -52          | -62 |  |  |  |
| 40°               | -59          | -69 |  |  |  |
| 45°               | -68          | -79 |  |  |  |

# **New Slope Fittings**

The latest addition to the **KEE KLAMP** portfolio is an extension to the current range of slope fittings designed to enhance the building of guardrail along staircases and ramps particularly when the slope is greater than 30°. The new range introduces single fittings to cater for situations where currently a combination of fittings is required. Not only does this improve the aesthetics of the finished guardrail but it also allows for a quicker and easier install. The new range of slope fittings is available in Size 7 (outer diameter 42.4mm) and Size 8 (outer diameter 48.3mm) designed for use with steel tubing to BS EN 10255.

**KEE KLAMP** fittings are iron castings manufactured to the requirements of BS EN 1562 & BS EN 1563. They are supplied hot dip galvanised to BS EN ISO 1461 .

A **KEE KLAMP** fitting can support an axial load of 900Kg per set screw tightened to a torque of 4Kgm (39 Nm). In common with all **KEE KLAMP** products, the threaded recesses of each fitting are covered with **THREDKOAT** protective coating to provide enhanced corrosion resistance and all grub screws are manufactured in case hardened steel coated with **KEE KOAT** for corrosion protection.

### Guardrail up slopes 30° to 45°

Using 320RH, 320LH, 321RH & 321LH size 7 and 8

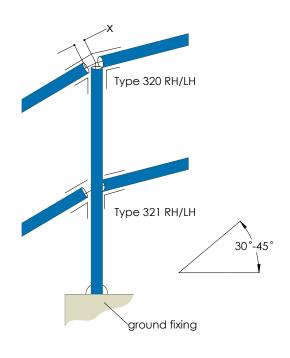


Table 6 gives details of dimensions required for calculating the rail lengths, where angle are between 30  $^{\circ}$  & 45  $^{\circ}$ 

Table 6: Rails

|                   | Fitting Size |     |  |  |  |
|-------------------|--------------|-----|--|--|--|
| Angle<br>Of Slope | 7            | 8   |  |  |  |
|                   |              |     |  |  |  |
|                   | x            | х   |  |  |  |
| 30°               | -55          | -62 |  |  |  |
| 35°               | -60          | -68 |  |  |  |
| 40°               | -67          | -76 |  |  |  |
| 45°               | -77          | -86 |  |  |  |

# **Features & Benefits**

- KEE KLAMP is the best known brand of slip-on tube fittings available for over 80 years
- Manufactured to stringent quality standards to ensure consistent performance
- · Extended range of slope fittings gives greater design flexibility
- · Adjustability in the fittings allows greater on-site tolerances to be met
- Using single fittings rather than pairs speed up installation times



### **Guardrailing up Slopes 11°-30°**

# **Using Adjustable Fittings, Types 327** and 328

Where the upright remains vertical, i.e. ramps and stairways, (i) dimension 'x' to be subtracted from the upright centres dimension measured on the slope to give rail length. (I = L - 2x); (ii) dimension 'y' to be added to the centre dimension to give the length of the upright (h = H + Y + ground fixing).

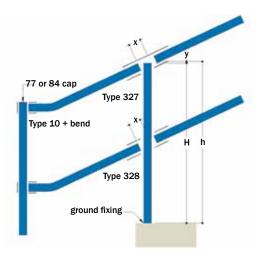


Table 4 gives details of dimensions required for calculating the rail lengths, where angles are between 11° and 30°.

Table 4: Rails

| Angle<br>of Slope | Size 7 Fittings:<br>'x' (mm) | Size 8 Fittings:<br>'x' (mm) |
|-------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| 11°               | -28                          | -30                          |
| 15°               | -32                          | -35                          |
| 20°               | -32                          | -38                          |
| 25°               | -35                          | -41                          |
| 30°               | -41                          | -44                          |

Table 5 gives details of dimensions required for calculating the upright lengths, 
Table 7: Uprights where angles are between 11° and 30°.

Table 5: Uprights

| Angle<br>of Slope | Size 7 Fittings:<br>'y' (mm) | Size 8 Fittings:<br>'y' (m) |
|-------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 11°               | +16                          | +19                         |
| 15°               | +16                          | +19                         |
| 20°               | +13                          | +16                         |
| 25°               | +13                          | +16                         |
| 30°               | +13                          | +13                         |

### Guardrailing up Slopes 30°-45°

Using Adjustable Fittings, Types 29, 30, 55 & 56 or Types L29 & L30 size 6, 7 and 8

Where the upright remains vertical, i.e. stairways (i) dimension x, y, or z to be subtracted from the upright centres: dimension (L), to give the rail length; (ii) dimension u, v and w for determining the upright length.

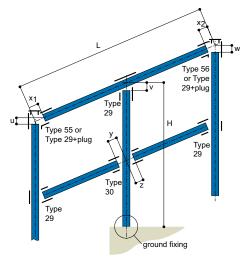


Table 6 gives details of dimensions required for calculating the rail lengths, where angles are between 30° and 45°.

Table 6: Rails

| Angle    |        | ze 6 Fitti | ng     | Si     | ze 7 Fitti | ng     | Si     | ze 8 Fitti | ng     |
|----------|--------|------------|--------|--------|------------|--------|--------|------------|--------|
| of Slope | x (mm) | y (mm)     | z (mm) | x (mm) | y (mm)     | z (mm) | x (mm) | y (mm)     | z (mm) |
| 30°      | -31    | -54        | -36    | -40    | -64        | -41    | -45    | <b>-77</b> | -54    |
| 35°      | -34    | -51        | -39    | -44    | -61        | -44    | -50    | -73        | -57    |
| 40°      | -37    | -48        | -42    | -48    | -57        | -48    | -55    | -64        | -61    |
| 45°      | -43    | -45        | -45    | -54    | -53        | -52    | -61    | -65        | -66    |

Table 7 gives details of dimensions required for calculating the upright lengths, where angles are between 30° and 45°.

| Angle    | Siz    | ze 6 Fitti | ng     | Si     | ze 7 Fitti | ng     | Siz    | ze 8 Fitti | ng     |
|----------|--------|------------|--------|--------|------------|--------|--------|------------|--------|
| of Slope | u (mm) | v (mm)     | w (mm) | u (mm) | v (mm)     | w (mm) | u (mm) | v (mm)     | w (mm) |
| 30°      | + 36   | -31        | + 24   | + 44   | -40        | + 29   | +46    | -45        | + 33   |
| 35°      | + 42   | -34        | + 18   | + 52   | -44        | + 21   | + 55   | -50        | +24    |
| 40°      | + 49   | -37        | + 11   | + 61   | -48        | + 12   | +65    | -55        | + 14   |
| 45°      | + 58   | -43        | + 2    | + 71   | -54        | + 2    | + 77   | -61        | + 2    |

Table 8 gives details of dimensions required for calculating the upright lengths.

Table 8: Uprights and rails using Types 55 and 56 - Size 8 only

| Angle      | u (mm) | x <sub>1</sub> (mm) | w (mm) | x <sub>2</sub> (mm) |
|------------|--------|---------------------|--------|---------------------|
| 20° to 29° | -18    | -18                 | -50    | -50                 |
| 30° to 39° | -16    | -16                 | -60    | -60                 |
| 40° to 49° | -14    | -14                 | -70    | -70                 |
| 50° to 59° | -12    | -12                 | -      | -                   |
| 60° to 69° | -10    | -10                 | -      | -                   |
| 70° to 79° | -8     | -8                  | -      | -                   |
| 80° to 88° | -6     | -6                  | -      | -                   |



### **Shelving**

### Using Type 46 or L46

Shelving with carrying rails positioned on the outside of the upright.

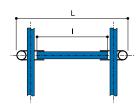


Table 9 gives the dimension 'x' to be subtracted from overall shelf width 'L' to give the length of the cross rail in the formula I = L - x. (Dimension x accounts for the use of two Type 46 or L46 fittings.)

Table 9

| Fitting Size | x (mm)          |
|--------------|-----------------|
| 4            | <del>-</del> 98 |
| 5            | -134            |
| 6            | -162            |
| 7            | -196            |
| 8            | -228            |
| 9            | -276            |

#### **Construction of Braces and Struts**

Using Types C50, C51, C52 & C53 or LC50, LC51 & LC52

When using multiple tube sizes in one structure, Types F50-5 to F50-9 or LF50-6 to LF50-8 can all be combined with:

M50-5 to M50-9 LM50-6 to LM50-8 M51-5 to M51-9 LM51-6 to LM51-8 M52-5 to M52-8 LM52-6 to LM52-8

M53-8

to construct combination fittings (i.e. C50-75, C50-85, C51-655, C52-855 and C53-888).

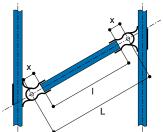


Table 10 gives details of dimension 'x' to be subtracted to give the tube length required for use with two Type F50 or LF50 fittings in the formula I - L - 2x.

Table 10

| Fitting Size | x (mm)      |
|--------------|-------------|
| 4            | - 14        |
| 5            | <b>–</b> 25 |
| 6            | <b>– 25</b> |
| 7            | <b>– 25</b> |
| 8            | <b>–</b> 25 |
| 9            | - 32        |

**Note:** Dimension 'L' is the length from pivot point to pivot point. The distance from upright to upright is dependent on the angle of the strut.

### **Pallet Racking**

#### Using Type 46 or L46

Pallet racking with the carrying rails on the inside of the upright.

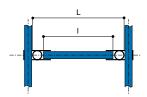


Table 11 gives dimension 'x' which must be subtracted from the overall width of the carrying rails, to give the length of the cross rail in the formula: I = L - x. (Dimension x accounts for the use of two Type 46 or L46 fittings.)

Table 11

| Fitting Size | x (mm) |
|--------------|--------|
| 4*           | -48    |
| 5*           | -59    |
| 6*           | -72    |
| 7            | -85    |
| 8            | -102   |
| 9            | -126   |

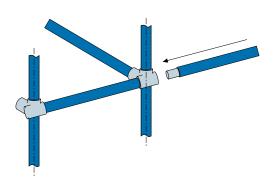
<sup>\*</sup>Pallet racking is not recommended in less than size 7 tube.

The length of the longitudinal member can be calculated from multiples of the length of the bay between the centres of uprights, plus dimension 'z' in Table 12. Dimension z accounts for the length of tube needed to go through the topmost fitting to the fitting's termination. This also applies to constructions using fitting Type 45.

Table 12: Additional tube length to reach topmost fitting's termination

| Fitting Size | z (mm) |
|--------------|--------|
| 3            | +24    |
| 4            | +28    |
| 5            | +31    |
| 6            | +38    |
| 7            | +46    |
| 8            | +51    |
| 9            | +61    |

Longitudinal tubes are joined using fittings Type 14 or 18 couplings (use of Type 18 is not recommended as a load bearing joint), which must be positioned to occur at the edge of the Type 46 fitting, and must not all occur in the same bay at alternate levels.



Spigots can be either tubes or rods, riveted into position, or the Type 18 fitting. When using the latter, a gap of 20mm must be allowed for the set screw fixing.



### **Base and Wall Fixings\***

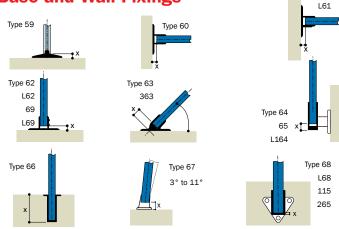


Table 13 gives details of the ground fixing dimension 'x', to be subtracted from the height 'H' to give the length of the upright 'h'.

#### Table 13

| Flange Type | x (mm) |
|-------------|--------|
| 59          | -10    |
| 60          | -10    |
| 61          | -6     |
| 62          | -6     |
| 67          | -6     |

Table 14 gives details of the ground fixing dimension 'x', for Type 63-6 only, to be subtracted to give the length of the upright for each angle condition.

Table 14

| Angle | x (mm) |
|-------|--------|
| 45°   | -38    |
| 50°   | -32    |
| 60°   | -25    |
| 65°   | -12    |

Table 15 gives details of the ground fixing dimension 'x' for Type 363, to be subtracted to give the length of the upright for each angle condition.

Table 15

| Angle | x (mm) |
|-------|--------|
| 11°   | -38    |
| 15°   | -32    |
| 20°   | -25    |
| 25°   | -20    |
| 30°   | -12    |

Table 16 gives the dimension 'x' to be subtracted from the length of the upright for fitting Types 64, 65, 67, 68, 115, 265, L68 and L164.

Table 16

| Fitting Size | x (mm) |
|--------------|--------|
| 6            | -5     |
| 7            | -6     |
| 8            | -6     |

Table 17 gives the ground fixing dimension 'x', to be added to the upright member to allow for the setting into the socket Type 66.

Table 17

| Fitting Size | x (mm) |
|--------------|--------|
| 6            | +115   |
| 7            | +127   |
| 8            | +127   |

\*When using **KEE LITE** bases and flanges, "ground fixing" dimension (x) will be zero, except when using flanges L164, L68 and LC58.

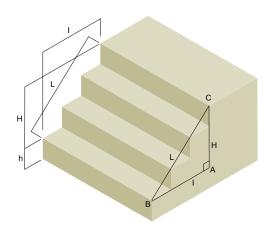
## **Constructing Circles and Triangles**

Slopes and radii present no problem to the **KEE KLAMP** galvanised railing systems. Fitting Types 27, 28, 29, 30, C50, C51, C52, 55, 56, 86, 87, 88 and 89 (and the 90 range pedestrian guardrail fittings) are designed to allow for raked handrail while keeping the uprights vertical. Tube can be bent and radiused to suit most situations. Also, true lengths have to be determined where braces and struts are being used.

#### **Worked Example**

Type 61

Consider the following concrete single flight staircase.



#### Where

H = Vertical height from 1st nosing to last nosing.

h = Vertical height from ground level to 1st nosing.

I = Horizontal dimension from 1st nosing to last nosing.

L = Hypotenuse dimension (Pitch Line) from 1st nosing to last nosing.

| Known Data | Formula for Side and Angle |                         |             |  |
|------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|-------------|--|
| H & L      | $I = \sqrt{(L^2 - H^2)}$   | Sin B = $\frac{H_L}{L}$ | C = 90° – B |  |
| L&I        | $H = \sqrt{(L^2 - I^2)}$   | Sin C = $\frac{l}{L}$   | B = 90°- C  |  |
| H & I      | $H = \sqrt{(H^2 - I^2)}$   | Tan B = L<br>H          | C = 90° - B |  |

Note: The table can be used to solve angles and true lengths for braces and struts.

#### Sten 1

From a simple site survey or information from a working drawing, obtain the following dimensions.

**Note:** For greater accuracy, vertical dimensions should be taken by means of a Dumpy Level or a Theodolite.

H = vertical height from the 1st nosing to the last (140cm).

L = pitch line, the diagonal dimension from the 1st nosing to the last (240cm).

#### Step 2

From the table to determine angle B we use;

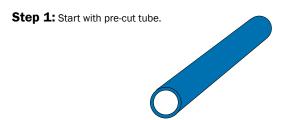
Sin B = 55 / 96, Angle B =  $35^{\circ}$ 

Ramps can be dealt with in a similar way. Most ramps have a stated gradient (e.g. 1:12); for every 12 units traversed horizontally, 1 unit of vertical height is obtained.

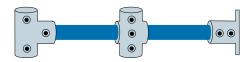


### **How to Make Jigs for Railing Posts**

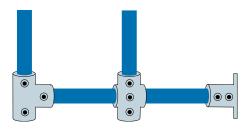
#### Set-up



Step 2: Measure and locate fittings on first post only.



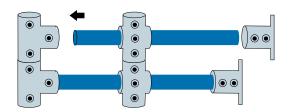
**Step 3:** Lay post horizontal, and insert two pieces of scrap tube. This is all that's involved in setting up your jig! From this point, duplicate posts can be produced by unskilled labour, without further measuring, at the rate of 20–30 posts per hour.



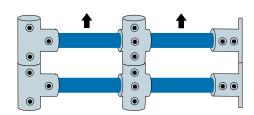
# **Utilising Jigs for Railing Posts**

#### **Production**

**Step 1:** Set top and middle fittings in place, unfastened, on the two pieces of scrap pipe.



Step 2: Insert pre-cut tube into fittings, then add flange.



Step 3: Simply tighten set screws, then lift off.

#### **Pedestrian Guardrailing**

# Using Types 90, 91, 92, 93 and 95

This construction is used when individual rails are required to be removable and when the site is not straight and level. Slopes of up to  $7^{\circ}$  or radii greater than six metres can be accommodated without bending the tubing.

When bending the tube around a corner, a Type 95 PGR spigot must be included to prevent sagging. Holes of 15mm diameter must be drilled through both walls of the upright, one at 25mm from the top of the upright tube.

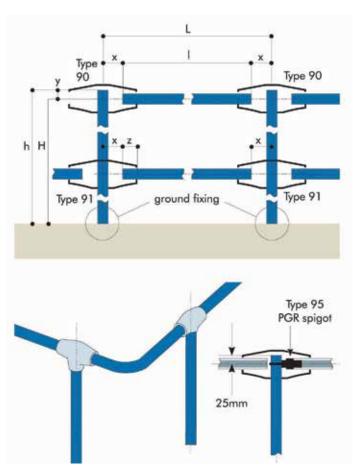


Table 18 gives details of:

- (i) Dimension 'x' in the formula I = L 2x for calculating the rail lengths
- L = distance between the centres of the uprights
- I = length of the horizontal tube.
- (ii) Dimension 'y' in the formula h = H + y + (ground fixing) for calculating the upright length where:
- H = distance from ground to the centre line of the top rail
- h = length of upright tube.

#### Table 18

| Fitting Size | x (mm) | y (mm) |
|--------------|--------|--------|
| 8            | -66    | +25    |

A brass drive screw (No. 6 x 10mm) is located at dimension 'z', in Table 19, on one end only for each horizontal tube. This positions the horizontal tube within the **Kee Klamp** fitting to give location relative to the set screws.

Table 19

| Fitting Size | z (mm) |
|--------------|--------|
| 8            | 37     |



### **Wire Mesh Infill**

Infilling is normally constructed from 50mm x 50mm x 3.2mm, 25mm x 25mm x 3.2mm or 50mm x 25mm x 3.2mm wire mesh welded to a 8mm rod frame, and is fixed into position using standard Fitting Types 81 and 82. (NB: Types 81 and 82 require cut outs on mesh less than 32mm square.)

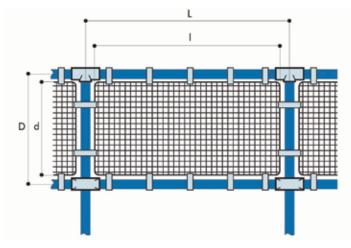


Table 20 gives the dimensions to be subtracted from the centre dimensions 'L' and 'D' of the structure to give the formulae I=L-x and d=D-x.

Table 20

| Fitting Size | x (mm)     |
|--------------|------------|
| 5            | -60        |
| 6            | <b>–76</b> |
| 7            | -86        |
| 8            | -89        |
| 9            | -98        |

**WARNING:** The spacing of panel clip Types 81 and 82 should not exceed 450mm centres. The safety attachment incorporated in the panel clip Types 81 and 82 cannot be used with mesh less than 32mm.

## **Tube Bending**

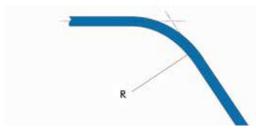


Table 21 gives details of standard radius 'R' of the tube bent by Kee Safety Ltd. If the standard radii below are not suitable, tube sizes 5 to 9 can be rolled to any radius above a minimum of 500mm.

Table 21

| Fitting Size | R (mm)   |
|--------------|----------|
| 3            | 57       |
| 4            | 57       |
| 5            | 90 or 98 |
| 6            | 102      |
| 7            | 135      |
| 8            | 152      |
| 9            | 203      |



# **Load Tables**



# **Galvanised Racking Load Tables**

Table 22 gives an indication only of the safe load, uniformly distributed, in Kg, that may be carried per shelf consisting of front and back pipes when used as continuous beams.

For uneven load distributions or single spans, the required tube size must be determined by standard bending moment calculations assuming a **KEE KLAMP** joint to give a simply supported beam.

At loads greater than 900Kg consideration must be given to set screw slip.

Table 22: Beam load tables (Kg)

|             |        |        | Fitting Size |        |        |
|-------------|--------|--------|--------------|--------|--------|
|             | 5      | 6      | 7            | 8      |        |
| Span<br>(m) |        |        | Tube Size    |        |        |
| (***)       | 26.9mm | 33.7mm | 42.4mm       | 48.3mm | 60.3mm |
|             | x 2.6  | x 3.2  | x 3.2        | x 3.2  | x 3.6  |
| 0.5         | 540    | 1060   | 1750         | 2380   | 4000   |
| 0.6         | 435    | 850    | 1407         | 1870   | 3250   |
| 0.7         | 375    | 730    | 1207         | 1595   | 2760   |
| 0.8         | 330    | 645    | 1063         | 1385   | 2420   |
| 0.9         | 295    | 579    | 946          | 1230   | 2160   |
| 1.0         | 265    | 525    | 850          | 1110   | 1950   |
| 1.1         | 240    | 478    | 770          | 1013   | 1775   |
| 1.2         | 219    | 438    | 705          | 930    | 1625   |
| 1.3         | 202    | 403    | 651          | 858    | 1497   |
| 1.4         | 187    | 373    | 604          | 796    | 1387   |
| 1.5         | 175    | 347    | 564          | 741    | 1290   |
| 1.6         | -      | 325    | 529          | 693    | 1205   |
| 1.7         | -      | 306    | 499          | 650    | 1129   |
| 1.8         | -      | 290    | 472          | 613    | 1061   |
| 1.9         | -      | 277    | 448          | 581    | 999    |
| 2.0         | -      | 268    | 427          | 553    | 987    |
| 2.1         | -      | -      | 408          | 528    | 944    |
| 2.2         | -      | -      | 391          | 505    | 855    |
| 2.3         | -      | -      | 376          | 485    | 818    |
| 2.4         | -      | -      | 362          | 467    | 785    |
| 2.5         | -      | -      | 349          | 450    | 755    |
| 2.6         | -      | -      | -            | 434    | 728    |
| 2.7         | -      | -      | -            | 419    | 703    |
| 2.8         | -      | -      | -            | 405    | 680    |
| 2.9         | -      | -      | -            | -      | 659    |
| 3.0         | -      | -      | -            | -      | 639    |
| 3.1         | -      | -      | -            | -      | 620    |
| 3.2         | -      | -      | -            | -      | 603    |
| 3.3         | -      | -      | -            | -      | 588    |
| 3.4         | -      | -      | -            | -      | 575    |
| 3.5         | -      | -      | -            | -      | 564    |

Table reflects a safety factor of 1.67:1

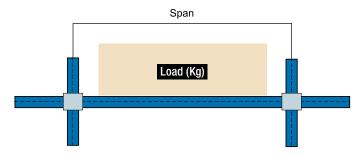


Table 23 gives an indication only of the safe load, in Kg, that may be carried between the above restraints by single tubes to BS EN 10255 (ISO 65) when used as uprights.

Table 23: Load table (Kg) - unfixed upright

|               | Fitting Size    |                 |                 |                 |                 |
|---------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Longth        | 5               |                 |                 | 8               |                 |
| Length<br>(m) |                 |                 | Tube Size       |                 |                 |
| ,             | 26.9mm<br>x 2.6 | 33.7mm<br>x 3.2 | 42.4mm<br>x 3.2 | 48.3mm<br>x 3.2 | 60.3mm<br>x 3.6 |
| 0.3           | 1720            | 2950            | 4038            | 4783            | 7044            |
| 0.4           | 1435            | 2617            | 3703            | 4446            | 6661            |
| 0.5           | 1150            | 2284            | 3368            | 4109            | 6278            |
| 0.6           | 910             | 1951            | 3033            | 3772            | 5895            |
| 0.7           | 725             | 1618            | 2690            | 3435            | 5512            |
| 0.8           | 590             | 1348            | 2363            | 3098            | 5129            |
| 0.9           | 480             | 1128            | 2028            | 2761            | 4746            |
| 1.0           | -               | 948             | 1752            | 2424            | 4363            |
| 1.1           | -               | 798             | 1524            | 2134            | 3980            |
| 1.2           | -               | -               | 1340            | 1884            | 3597            |
| 1.3           | -               | -               | 1188            | 1668            | 3253            |
| 1.4           | -               | -               | 1066            | 1484            | 2951            |
| 1.5           | -               | -               | -               | 1328            | 2681            |
| 1.6           | -               | -               | -               | -               | 2441            |
| 1.7           | -               | -               | -               | -               | 2226            |
| 1.8           | -               | -               | -               | -               | 2032            |
| 1.9           | -               | -               | -               | -               | 1857            |
| 2.0           | -               | -               | -               | -               | 1697            |

Table reflects a safety factor of 2:1

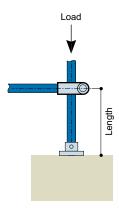


Table 24 (on page 49) gives an indication only of the safe load, in Kg, that may be carried between the above restraints by single tubes when used as uprights.

At loads greater than 900Kg\* consideration must be given to set screw slip (\*rating includes a safety factor of 2:1.74).

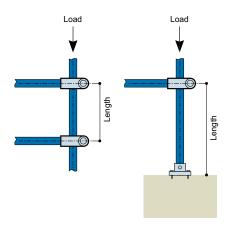




Table 24: Load tables (Kg) - fixed uprights

|        |                 |                 | Fitting Size    |                 |                 |
|--------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
|        |                 | G               | 7               | 8               |                 |
| Length | 5               | 6               |                 | 0               | 9               |
| (m)    |                 |                 | Fitting Size    |                 |                 |
|        | 26.9mm<br>x 2.6 | 33.7mm<br>x 3.2 | 42.4mm<br>x 3.2 | 48.3mm<br>x 3.2 | 60.3mm<br>x 3.6 |
| 0.3    | 1860            | 3086            | 4192            | 4916            | 7250            |
| 0.4    | 1600            | 2810            | 3910            | 4638            | 6930            |
| 0.5    | 1360            | 2534            | 3628            | 4360            | 6610            |
| 0.6    | 1140            | 2258            | 3346            | 4082            | 6290            |
| 0.7    | 940             | 1982            | 3064            | 3804            | 5970            |
| 0.8    | 775             | 1706            | 2782            | 3526            | 5650            |
| 0.9    | 640             | 1471            | 2500            | 3384            | 5330            |
| 1.0    | 540             | 1269            | 2235            | 3248            | 5010            |
| 1.1    | -               | 1092            | 1995            | 2970            | 4690            |
| 1.2    | -               | 937             | 1779            | 2692            | 4370            |
| 1.3    | -               | -               | 1587            | 2414            | 4050            |
| 1.4    | -               | -               | 1417            | 2169            | 3730            |
| 1.5    | -               | -               | 1265            | 1954            | 3410            |
| 1.6    | -               | -               | 1130            | 1764            | 3130            |
| 1.7    | -               | -               | -               | 1602            | 2890            |
| 1.8    | -               | -               | -               | 1462            | 2680            |
| 1.9    | -               | -               | -               | 1342            | 2480            |
| 2.0    | -               | -               | -               | 1242            | 2300            |
| 2.1    | -               | -               | -               | -               | 2120            |
| 2.2    | -               | -               | -               | -               | 1950            |
| 2.3    | -               | -               | -               | -               | 1800            |
| 2.4    | -               | -               | -               | -               | 1650            |

Table reflects a safety factor of 2:1

# **Aluminium Racking Load Tables**

Values shown have a safety factor of 2 built into them and are based on the limit state of the material used.

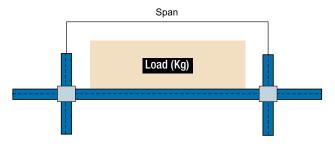
The values in Table 25 are an indication of a UDL that a rack consisting of two continuous support tubes can support.

For uneven load distributions, the required tube size must be determined by standard bending moment and deflection calculations assuming the **KEE LITE** joint to give a simply supported beam.

Table 25: Beam load table (Kg)

|             | •       | 0,                |                  |         |  |  |
|-------------|---------|-------------------|------------------|---------|--|--|
|             |         | Fitting           | g Size           |         |  |  |
|             |         | 7                 | 8                |         |  |  |
| Span<br>(m) |         | Tube Size (mm)    |                  |         |  |  |
| (,          | 25 N.B. | 32 N.B.           | 40 N.B.          | 50 N.B. |  |  |
|             | Gı      | ade of Material – | 6082 T6 Aluminiu | m       |  |  |
| 0.3         | 1140    | 2468              | 4230             | 8693    |  |  |
| 0.6         | 285     | 617               | 1057             | 2173    |  |  |
| 0.9         | 126     | 274               | 470              | 965     |  |  |
| 1.1         | 84      | 183               | 314              | 646     |  |  |
| 1.2         | 71      | 154               | 264              | 543     |  |  |
| 1.5         | 45      | 98                | 169              | 347     |  |  |
| 1.7         | 35      | 76                | 131              | 270     |  |  |
| 2.1         | 23      | 50                | 86               | 177     |  |  |
| 2.3         | -       | 42                | 71               | 147     |  |  |
| 2.4         | -       | 38                | 66               | 135     |  |  |
| 2.7         | _       | -                 | 52               | 107     |  |  |
| 3.0         | -       | -                 | 42               | 86      |  |  |

At loads greater than 770Kg\* consideration must be given to grubscrew slippage. (\*A safety factor of 2 being applied in this instance.)



Values shown have a safety factor of 2 built into them and are based on the limit state of the material used.

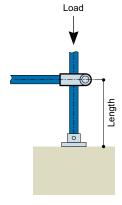
Table 26 gives an indication only of the safe load, in Kg, that may be carried between the above restraints by single tubes when used as uprights.

Table 26: Load tables (Kg) - unfixed upright bases

|               | Fitting Size |                     |                  |         |
|---------------|--------------|---------------------|------------------|---------|
|               | 6            |                     | 8                |         |
| Height<br>(m) |              | Tube Siz            | ze (mm)          |         |
| (111)         | 25 N.B.      | 32 N.B.             | 40 N.B.          | 50 N.B. |
|               |              | Grade of Material – | 6082 T6 Aluminiu | m       |
| 0.30          | 2431         | 4174                | 5249             | 7382    |
| 0.40          | 1653         | 3470                | 4593             | 6994    |
| 0.45          | 1296         | 2636                | 3675             | 6640    |
| 0.50          | 891          | 1977                | 3150             | 5934    |
| 0.60          | 502          | 1538                | 2441             | 5122    |
| 0.70          | 405          | 1274                | 1969             | 3850    |
| 0.75          | 324          | 725                 | 1706             | 3355    |
| 0.80          | 267          | 593                 | 1260             | 2755    |
| 0.90          | 251          | 505                 | 1129             | 2402    |
| 1.00          | 210          | 461                 | 997              | 2048    |
| 1.05          | 178          | 395                 | 525              | 1942    |
| 1.10          | -            | 351                 | 499              | 1589    |
| 1.20          | -            | 329                 | 394              | 1448    |
| 1.30          | -            | 308                 | 381              | 1271    |
| 1.40          | -            | 285                 | 357              | 742     |
| 1.45          | -            | -                   | 314              | 600     |
| 1.50          | -            | -                   | 276              | 557     |
| 1.60          | -            | -                   | -                | 530     |
| 1.67          | -            | -                   | -                | 466     |
| 1.75          | -            | -                   | -                | 441     |
| 1.80          | -            | -                   | -                | 406     |
| 1.90          | -            | -                   | -                | 369     |
| 2.00          | -            | -                   | -                | 351     |

Table reflects a safety factor of 2:1

At loads greater than 770Kg consideration must be given to grubscrew slippage (a safety factor of 2 being included in this instance).





Values shown have a safety factor of 2 built into them and are based on the limit state of the material used.

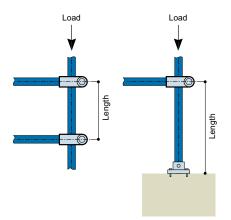
Table 27 gives an indication only of the safe load, in Kg, that may be carried between the above restraints by single tubes when used as uprights.

At loads greater than 770Kg consideration must be given to grubscrew slippage (a safety factor of 2 being included in this instance).

Table 27: Load tables (Kg) – uprights restrained both ends

|        | Fitting Size   |                     |         |         |  |  |
|--------|----------------|---------------------|---------|---------|--|--|
|        | 6              |                     | 8       | 9       |  |  |
| Height | Tube Size (mm) |                     |         |         |  |  |
| (m)    | 25 N.B.        | 32 N.B.             | 40 N.B. | 50 N.B. |  |  |
|        |                | Grade of Material – |         |         |  |  |
| 0.30   | 3549           | 5052                | 6063    | 8300    |  |  |
| 0.40   | 3371           | 4789                | 5906    | 8123    |  |  |
| 0.45   | 3160           | 4723                | 5722    | 8053    |  |  |
| 0.50   | 2625           | 4393                | 5512    | 7841    |  |  |
| 0.60   | 2399           | 4174                | 5249    | 7700    |  |  |
| 0.70   | 2009           | 3778                | 5118    | 7417    |  |  |
| 0.75   | 1750           | 3405                | 4803    | 7064    |  |  |
| 0.80   | 1378           | 2965                | 4147    | 6994    |  |  |
| 0.90   | 1215           | 2592                | 3622    | 6605    |  |  |
| 1.00   | 1102           | 2240                | 3360    | 6181    |  |  |
| 1.05   | 940            | 1933                | 3097    | 5828    |  |  |
| 1.10   | 843            | 1845                | 2703    | 5474    |  |  |
| 1.20   | -              | 1538                | 2493    | 5122    |  |  |
| 1.30   | -              | 1427                | 2231    | 4768    |  |  |
| 1.40   | -              | 1318                | 1969    | 3956    |  |  |
| 1.45   | -              | 1208                | 1785    | 3814    |  |  |
| 1.50   | -              | 1076                | 1627    | 3461    |  |  |
| 1.60   | -              | 988                 | 1522    | 3108    |  |  |
| 1.67   | -              | -                   | 1443    | 2755    |  |  |
| 1.75   | -              | -                   | 1286    | 2543    |  |  |
| 1.80   | -              | -                   | 1181    | 2402    |  |  |
| 1.90   | -              | -                   | -       | 2296    |  |  |
| 2.00   | -              | -                   | -       | 2155    |  |  |
| 2.05   | -              | -                   | -       | 2048    |  |  |
| 2.10   | -              | -                   | -       | 1801    |  |  |
| 2.20   | -              | -                   | -       | 1730    |  |  |
| 2.30   | -              | -                   | -       | 1589    |  |  |
| 2.40   | -              | -                   | -       | 1519    |  |  |

Table reflects a safety factor of 2:1



# **Vibration Test**

# **Test Report:**

# **Vibration of Kee Klamp® Assemblies**

Exhaustive tests on samples of standard size 7 **KEE KLAMP** fittings were performed by an independent research laboratory. The purpose of the test was to evaluate the use of either standard set screws or self-locking set screws.

#### **Test Arrangement**

A "Tee" section test assembly was made using three 300mm lengths of galvanised size 7 standard tube held together by a three socket tee fitting (Type 25-7). The vertical leg of the test assembly was supported in a standard railing flange (Type 62-7). The completed assembly was then rigidly attached to the vibration table.

The test assembly was initially assembled using standard set screws and tested in this configuration. The standard set screws were then replaced with the self-locking screws and the tests repeated.

#### **Test Procedure**

The test was conducted on a Ling 667Kg Electromagnetic Vibration Table. The table was programmed to perform a resonance search between 25 and 350Hz and resonant frequencies were recorded and shown in Table 28.

Table 28: Test Results

| Resonance Frequencies | Q Factor | Running Time |
|-----------------------|----------|--------------|
| 74                    | 1.27     | Nil          |
| 106                   | 1.27     | Nil          |
| 158                   | 1.53     | 6 hours      |
| 200                   | 1.8      | 6 hours      |
| 221                   | 5        | 6 hours      |
| 295                   | 9        | 6 hours      |

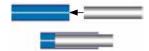
During the resonance search, amplification factors (Q) were measured at each resonant frequency, the point of reference being the end of one horizontal tube. The table was then held at one of the resonant frequencies, set in motion with a controlled acceleration level of 4g, and ran for a period of six hours. This was repeated for three more resonant frequencies in descending order of Q factor.

Furthermore, during the twenty-four hours of vibration at the four resonant frequencies above, no signs of loosening with either type of attachment screw occurred.

Comprehensive data showing the telescopic relationship between tubes to BS EN 10255 (ISO 65) is shown in Table 29 (page 51).

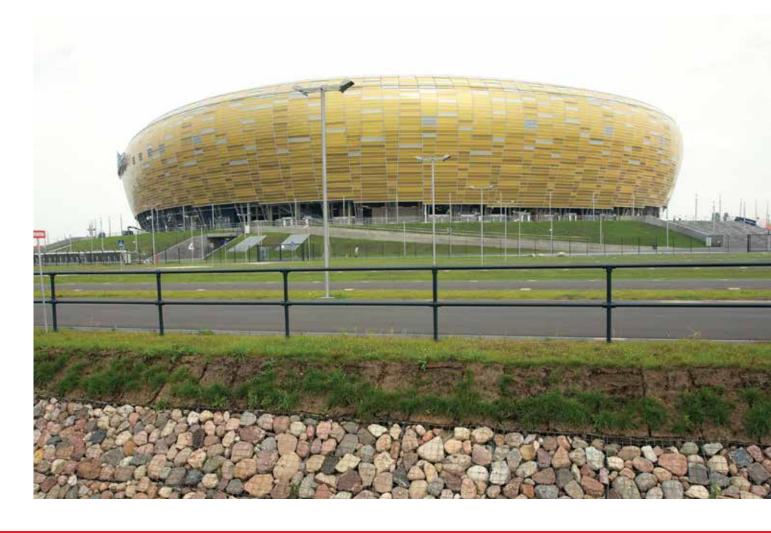


Table 29: The telescopic relationship between tubes to BS EN 10255 (ISO 65)



| Size 9 heavy  | Will accept 8 heavy or medium              |  |
|---------------|--|--|
| Size 9 medium | Will accept 8 heavy or medium              |  |
| Size 8        | No telescopic relationship                 |  |
|               | Requires special spigotting material       |  |
| Size 7 heavy  | Will only accept size 6 light              |  |
| Size 7 medium | Will accept size 6 light, medium and heavy |  |
| Size 6 heavy  | No telescopic relationship                 |  |
|               | Requires special spigotting material       |  |
| Size 6 medium | Will only accept size 5 light              |  |
| Size 5 heavy  | No telescopic relationship                 |  |
|               | Requires special spigotting material       |  |
| Size 5 medium | No telescopic relationship                 |  |
|               | Requires special spigotting material       |  |
| Size 4        | No telescopic relationship                 |  |
|               | Requires special spigotting material       |  |
| Size 3        | No telescopic relationship                 |  |
|               |  |  |









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